U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF CIVILIAN RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT

PRESENTATION TO THE NUCLEAR WASTE TECHNICAL REVIEW BOARD

SUBJECT: WASTE PACKAGE DESIGN

REQUIREMENTS

PRESENTER:

LYNDEN B. BALLOU

PRESENTER'S TITLE

AND ORGANIZATION:

DEPUTY PROJECT LEADER,

LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LABORATORY

LIVERMORE, CALIFORNIA

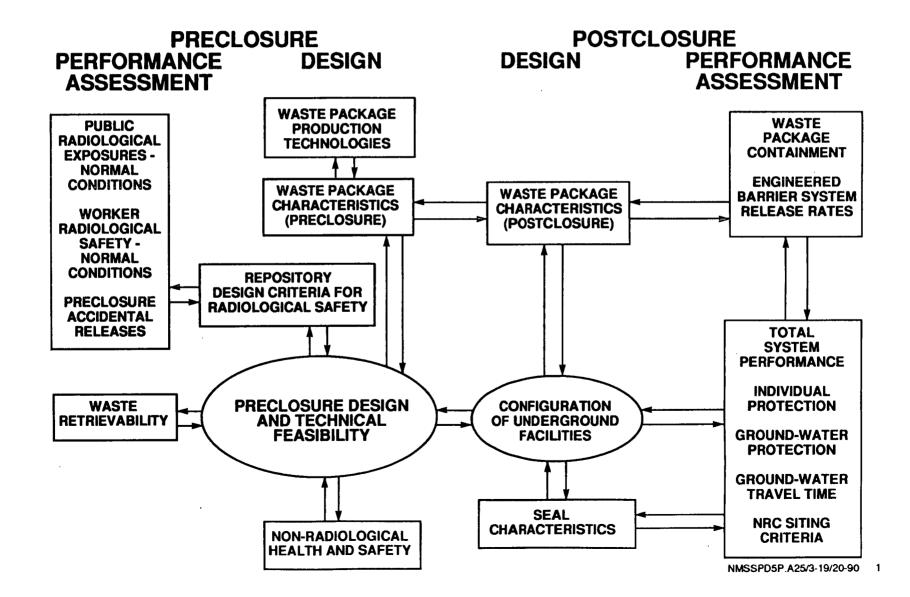
PRESENTER'S

TELEPHONE NUMBER:

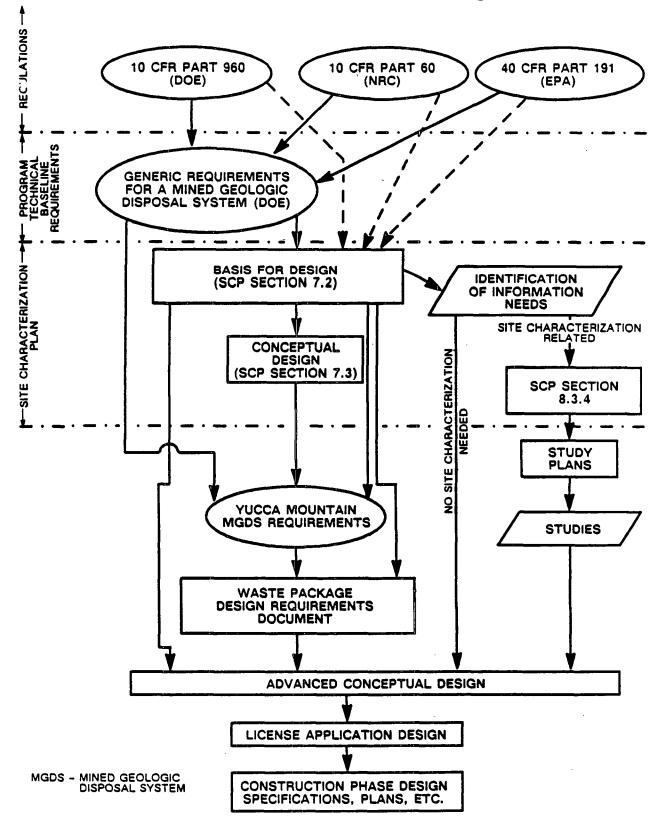
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RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DESIGN AND PERFORMANCE RELATED ISSUES



RELATIONSHIP OF DESIGN-RELATED DOCUMENTS FOR THE WASTE PACKAGE



NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION REQUIREMENTS IN 10 CFR 60

- 60.113 REQUIRES FOR "ANTICIPATED PROCESSES AND EVENTS"
 - "SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLETE" CONTAINMENT OF THE HLW WITHIN THE WASTE PACKAGES FOR A PERIOD OF 300 TO 1,000 YEARS AFTER REPOSITORY CLOSURE
 - FOLLOWING THE CONTAINMENT PERIOD, CONTROL RELEASE FROM THE ENGINEERED BARRIER SYSTEM TO A RATE NOT TO EXCEED 1 PART IN 100,000 OF THE 1,000-YEAR INVENTORY PER NUCLIDE PER YEAR
- 60.135 REQUIRES THAT INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS OR PROPERTIES NOT COMPROMISE THE OVERALL WASTE PACKAGE, REPOSITORY, OR SITE PERFORMANCE; AND SETS SPECIFIC STANDARDS SUCH AS REQUIRING A SOLID WASTE FORM AND SEALED CONTAINERS

DESIGN CRITERIA (60.135a)

- PACKAGES DESIGNED SO THAT IN SITU CHEMICAL, PHYSICAL & NUCLEAR PROPERTIES AND INTERACTIONS WITH EMPLACEMENT ENVIRONMENT DO NOT COMPROMISE PACKAGE FUNCTION OR REPOSITORY PERFORMANCE
- DESIGN MUST CONSIDER FOLLOWING FACTORS:
 - SOLUBILITY
 - OXIDATION/REDUCTION
 - CORROSION
 - HYDRIDING
 - GAS GENERATION
 - THERMAL EFFECTS
 - THERMAL LOADS

- MECHANICAL STRENGTH
- MECHANICAL STRESS
- RADIOLYSIS
- RADIATION DAMAGE
- RADIONUCLIDE RETARDATION
- LEACHING
- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS
- SYNERGISTIC INTERACTIONS

KEY WASTE PACKAGE INTERFACES

WASTE GENERATORS, INCLUDING UTILITIES, AND DOE DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

• RECEIPT STREAM CHARACTERISTICS (TIME-DEPENDENT)
OR

MRS

• IF IT ACTS AS A MODULATOR OF SPENT FUEL CHARACTERISTICS

REPOSITORY

- SURFACE FACILITY
 - ASSEMBLY FACILITY FOR WASTE PACKAGE
- SUBSURFACE FACILITY
 - PHYSICAL LAYOUT & DIMENSIONS
 - OPERATIONS AFFECTING PERFORMANCE
 - EBS COMPONENTS

KEY WASTE PACKAGE INTERFACES

(CONTINUED)

SITE

- PRE-EMPLACEMENT ROCK PROPERTIES
 - THERMAL
 - MECHANICAL
- HYDROLOGIC PROPERTIES
 - VADOSE WATER COMPOSITION
 - FLUX
 - SATURATION
- THERMALLY-PERTURBED RESPONSES

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS/GOALS

THERMAL

- PEAK CLADDING TEMPERATURE (SPENT FUEL)
 <350° C
- PEAK EMPLACEMENT HOLE WALL
 <275° C
- MAINTAIN EMPLACEMENT HOLE WALL
 >95° C (UNCONFINED BOILING POINT)
 AS LONG AS PRACTICABLE
- ROCK @ 1 m FROM EMPLACEMENT HOLE <200° C

THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE FORM TEMPERATURES

- SPENT FUEL CLADDING DEGRADATION
- SPENT FUEL OXIDATION RATES
- RADIONUCLIDE RELEASE RATES

CONTAINER TEMPERATURES

- DEGRADATION MODES (OXIDATION vs AQUEOUS CORROSION)
- DEGRADATION RATES

BOREHOLE WALL TEMPERATURES

- TRANSPORT MEDIUM VAPOR/LIQUID
- BOREHOLE STABILITY
- MINERALOGIC ALTERATIONS

NEAR-FIELD TEMPERATURES

- RADIONUCLIDE TRANSPORT MECHANISMS
- RADIONUCLIDE TRANSPORT RATES