

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
OFFICE OF CIVILIAN RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT**

**PRESENTATION TO  
THE NUCLEAR WASTE TECHNICAL REVIEW BOARD**

**SUBJECT: PACE-90 FLOW AND TRANSPORT  
RESULTS**

**PRESENTER: DR. MAUREEN A. McGRAW**

**PRESENTER'S TITLE  
AND ORGANIZATION: ENGINEER  
PACIFIC NORTHWEST LABORATORY  
RICHLAND, WASHINGTON**

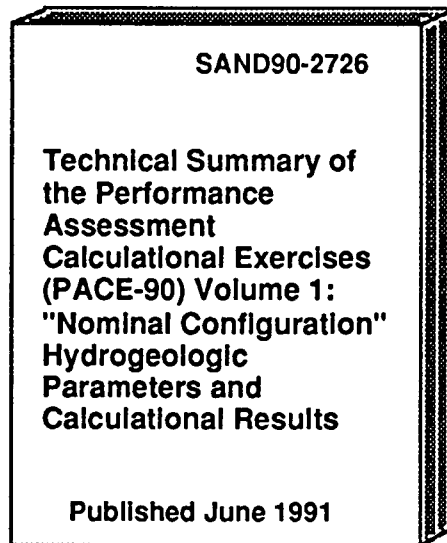
**PRESENTER'S  
TELEPHONE NUMBER: (509) 376-3454**

**ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA  
MAY 20-21, 1991**

# **PACE-90 Flow and Transport Results**

**Maureen A. McGraw  
Pacific Northwest Laboratory  
Richland, Washington**

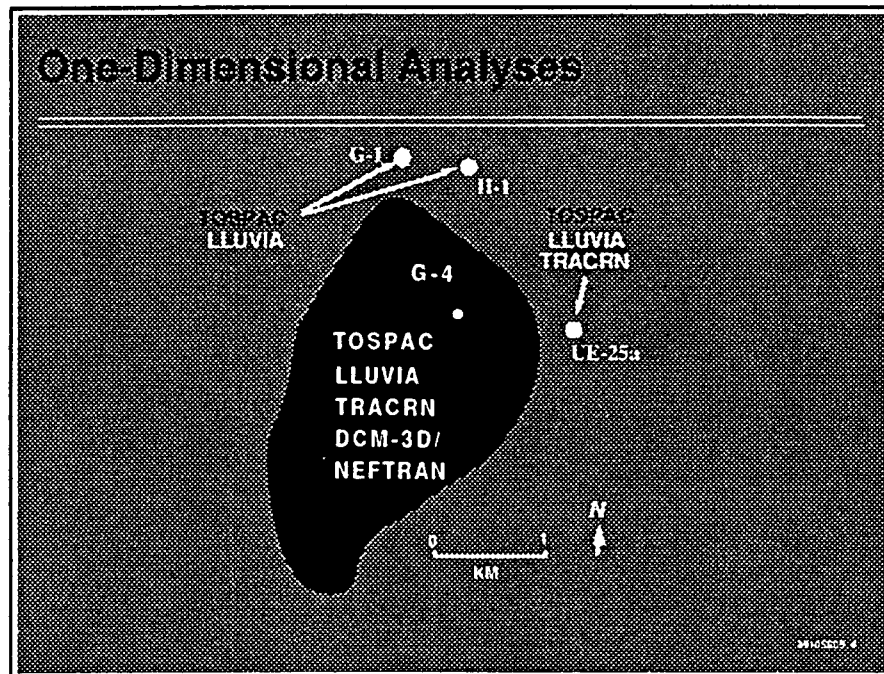
**Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board  
Arlington, Virginia  
20 May 1991**



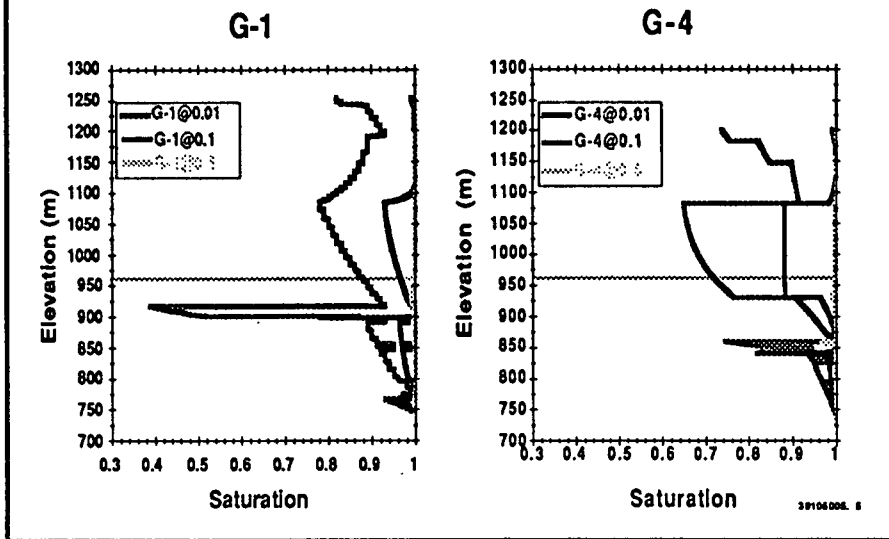
## PACE-90 Flow and Transport Results

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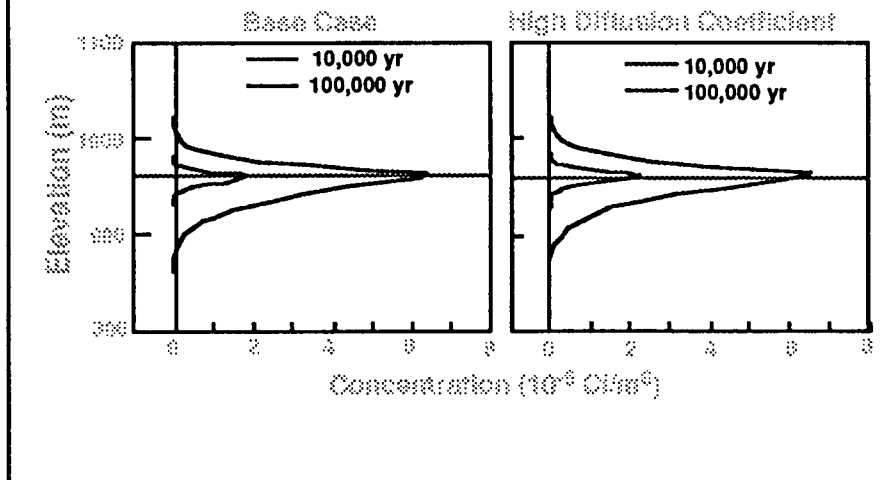
- One-Dimensional Analysis
  - TOSPAC Nominal and Climate Change
  - TOSPAC Source Term Comparison
  - PACE versus COVE
  - Inverse Problem
- Two-Dimensional Analysis
  - SUMO Nominal and Climate Change
  - SUMO Radionuclide Transport
  - HYDROCOIN
- Travel Time Results
- Important Issues Identified



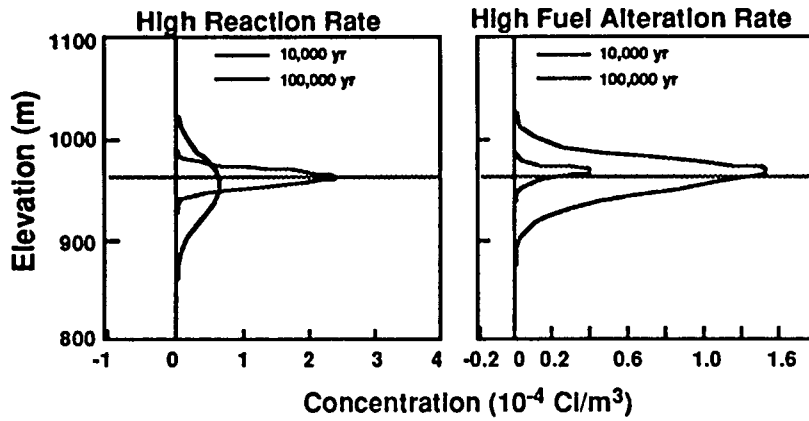
# TOSPAC Nominal and Climate Change Comparisons



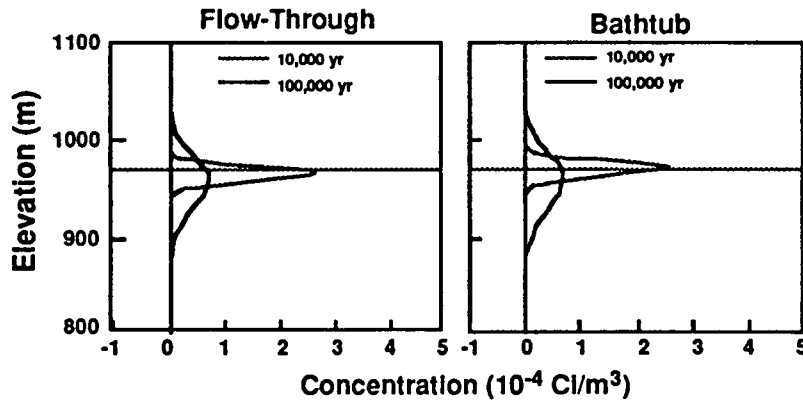
# TOSPAC <sup>139</sup>X Concentration (Ci/m<sup>3</sup>) Moist-Continuous Source Terms



## TOSPAC $^{129}\text{I}$ Concentration ( $\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ ) Moist-Continuous Source Terms

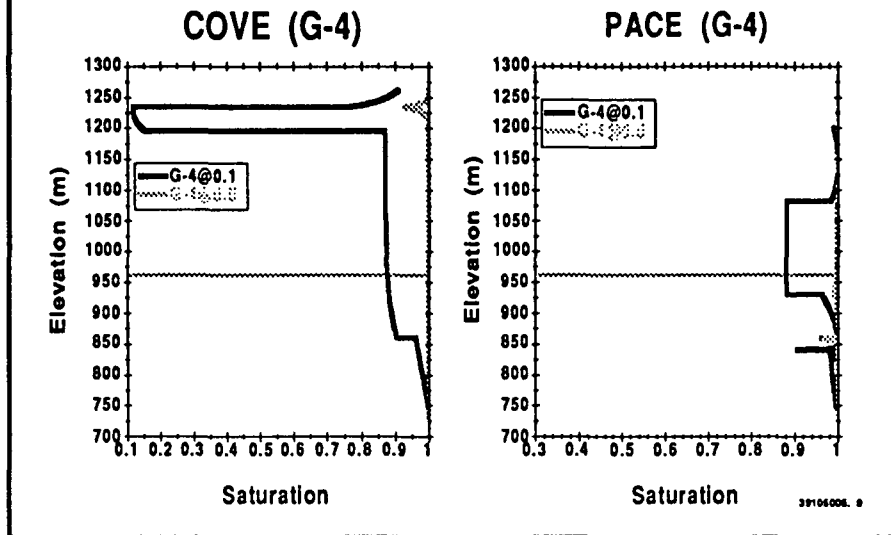


## TOSPAC $^{129}\text{I}$ Concentration ( $\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ ) Flow-Through and Bathtub Source Terms



## TOSPAC Climate Change Comparisons

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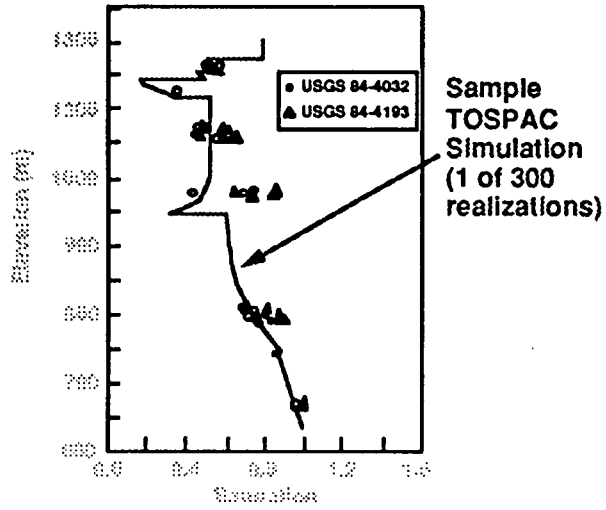


## The Inverse Problem

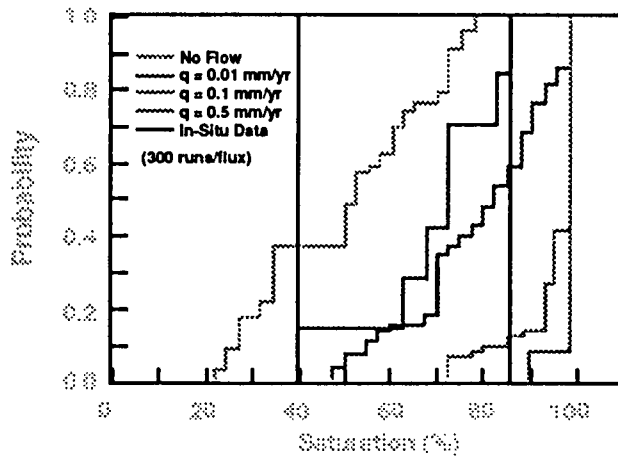
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Can a one-dimensional steady-state  
flow calculation match the in situ  
saturation measurements taken at  
Yucca Mountain by the USGS?

### Partial Data Used for Inverse Problem (Flux = 0.01 mm/yr)



### Inverse Solution of Saturation Profiles for Topopah Spring Member (elev., 1082 m)



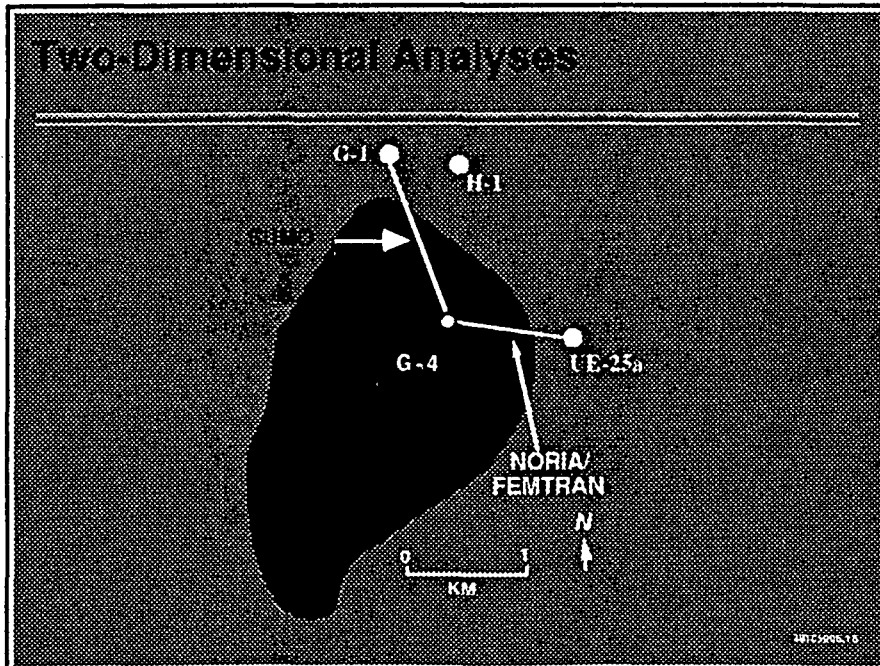
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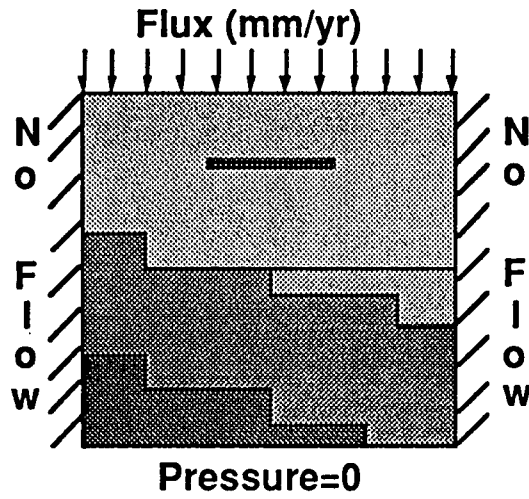
## Two-Dimensional Analyses

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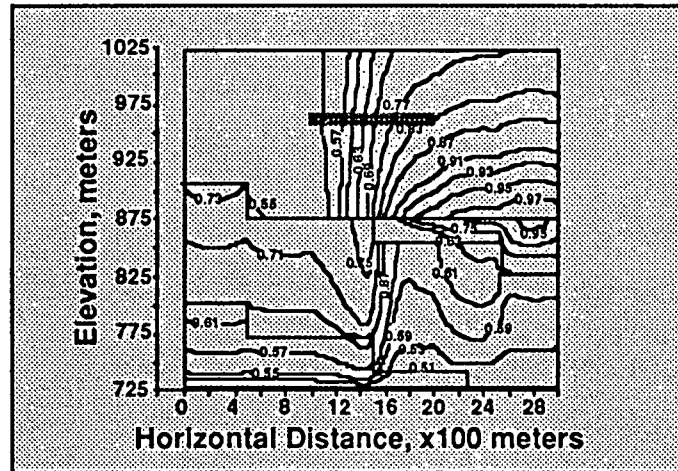




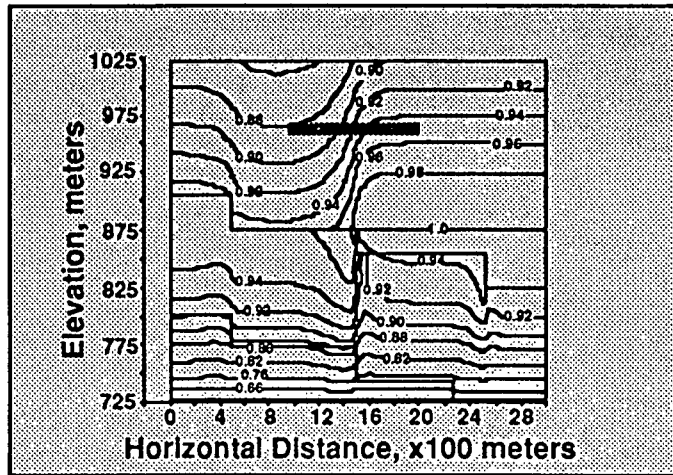
## SUMO Problem Setup



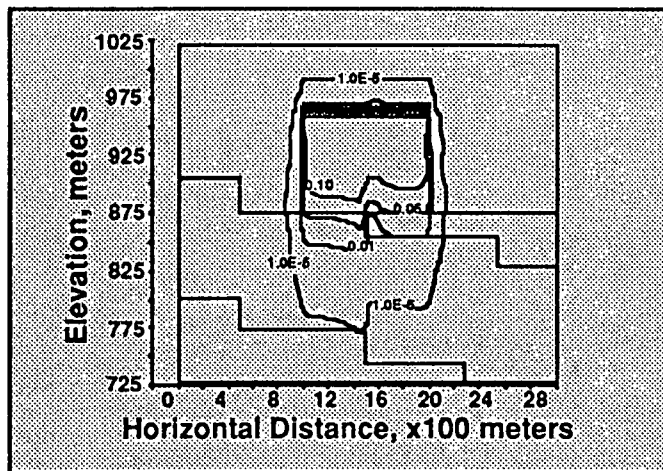
## SUMO-Calculated Saturation Contours (infiltration = 0.01 mm/yr)



### SUMO-Calculated Saturation Contours (infiltration = 0.1/mm yr)

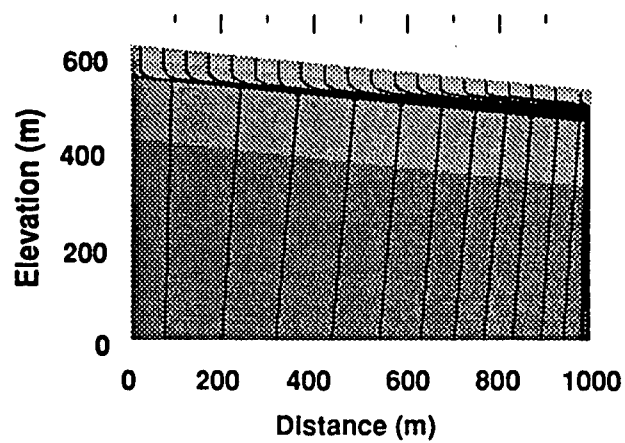


### SUMO-Calculated <sup>129</sup>I Concentration (Ci/m<sup>3</sup>) Profile (infiltration = 0.1 mm/yr)



## HYDROCOIN Water Flow Paths (infiltration = 0.5 mm/yr)

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## PACE-90 Flow and Transport Results

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- **Important Issues Identified**

## Definition

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Travel Time  $\propto 1/v$

Saturated Zone

$$v = \frac{q}{n}$$

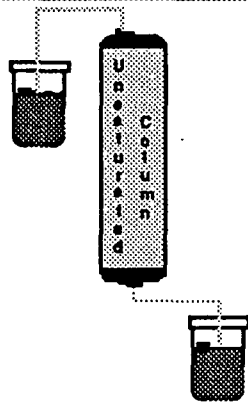
Unsaturated Zone

$$v = \frac{q(\theta)}{\theta}$$

∞ ∘ ∘     $\theta \rightarrow 0$   
                   $v \rightarrow ?$   
                  TT  $\rightarrow ??$

## Example

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Particle

Travel Time = 1.6 yr

Advective Velocity

Travel Time = 1,000,000 yr

(after Kaplan, Klavetter, and Peters 1989)

## Travel Time Results

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### TOSPAC (1-D)

Well	Travel Time (yrs) (0.01mm/yr)
(G-4)	4.2E6
(G-1)	4.9E6
(H-1)	4.6E6
(UE-25a)	3.0E6

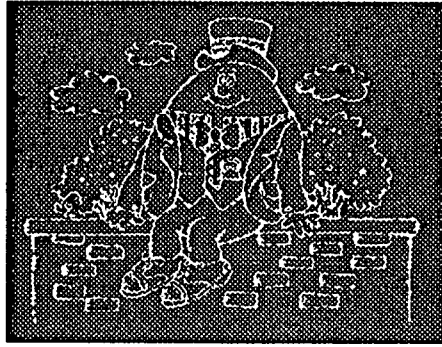
### SUMO (2-D)

Meters	Travel Time (yrs) (0.01mm/yr)	Travel Time (yrs) (0.1mm/yr)
0	3.8E6	4.4E5
500	3.2E6	3.9E5
1000	3.2E6	3.9E5
1500	2.0E6	3.1E5
2000	1.5E6	4.7E5

## PACE-90 Flow and Transport Results

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**"When I use a word," Humpty Dumpty said in a rather scornful tone, "it means just what I choose it to mean - - nothing more nor less."**

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## **Issue**

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**What is the definition of ground water travel time?**

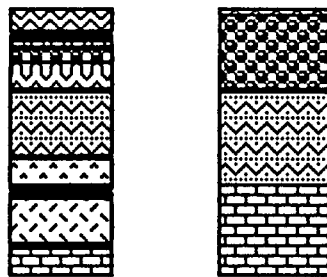
## Important Issues Identified in PACE

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- **Material properties**
  - **Matrix**
- **Radionuclide transport**
- **Modeling artifacts**
  - **Geometry**
  - **Homogeneous zones**
  - **Boundary conditions**
- **Incorporation of probabilities**

## Matrix Material Properties

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**Multiple Layers**

### Considerations

- **Simulation time**
- **Complexity**
- **Travel time**
- **Precision**

## Transport of Radionuclides

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- **Need to consider interaction of**
  - entire EBS
  - near-field
  - far-field
- **Source term release mechanism must be consistent with far-field processes**
- **Retardation/dispersion must be consistent with transport models**

## Geometry

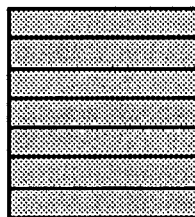
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**One-Dimensional**



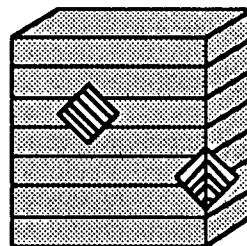
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**Two-Dimensional**



64x

**Three-Dimensional**



82x

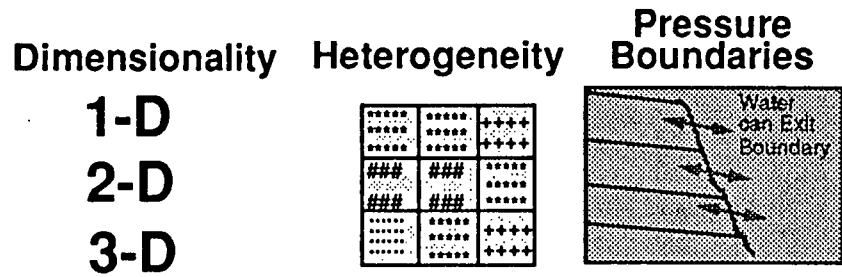
Decrease in Travel Time



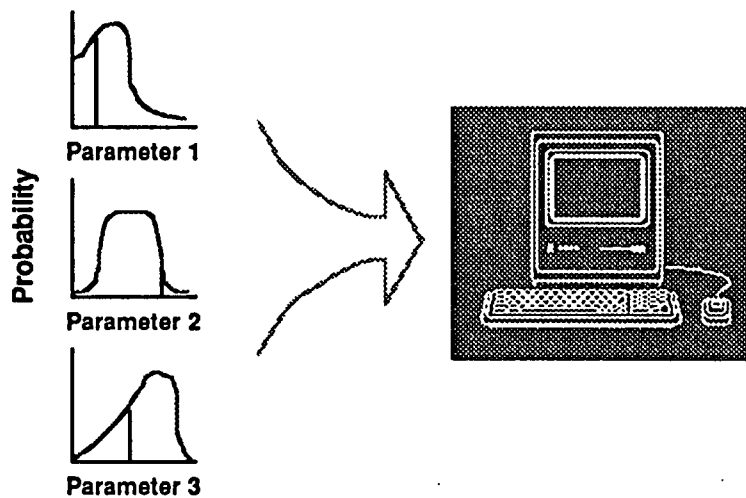
## Modeling Artifacts due to Homogeneous Zones and No-Flow Boundary Conditions

- Creates unrealistic ponding
- Not consistent with observed data

Need to Consider



## Probabilities (Sampling)



## Accomplishments

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- Developed new hydrostratigraphy
- Realized value of both "hard" and "soft" data
- Identified need to be more systematic
- Computed one realization for several conceptual models
- Enhanced computer codes and techniques