

COMMENTS ON PROBABILISTIC VOLCANIC HAZARD ASSESSMENT

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Probabilistic Volcanic Hazard Assessment

- Geological Perspectives
- Basic Elements
- Examples of Volcanic Hazard Forecasting
- Methods Used
- Issues Relevant to Yucca Mountain
- Comments on Work Presented Here

PVHA - Geological Perspectives

Volcanic Forecasting

Key Questions:

What? type of event

When? repose frequency, next expected event

Where? at an existing volcano or a new location

Size ? magnitude

Anticipated effects? vulnerability

PVHA - Geological Perspectives

Conceptual Models

Mass eruption rate (energy release rate)

Survivor function = probability that a repose has ended up to a specified time

age-specific eruption rate

spatial event predictors

BASIC ELEMENTS OF GOOD PVHA

- Define the problem and test the instrument
- Set limits of acceptability
- Identify key processes, parameters, & uncertainties
- Include all possibilities in model
- Arrange according to interdependencies
- Perform Sensitivity studies on parameters

Determine interactive effects of all elements on model

ADVANTAGE OF LOGIC TREES

- Applies to a wide range of problems
- Analyzes sources of uncertainty
- Accomodates interpretations with uncertainties
- Can use probabilities from expert judgement
- Can incorporate extreme interpretations
- Feedback etween nodes is possible

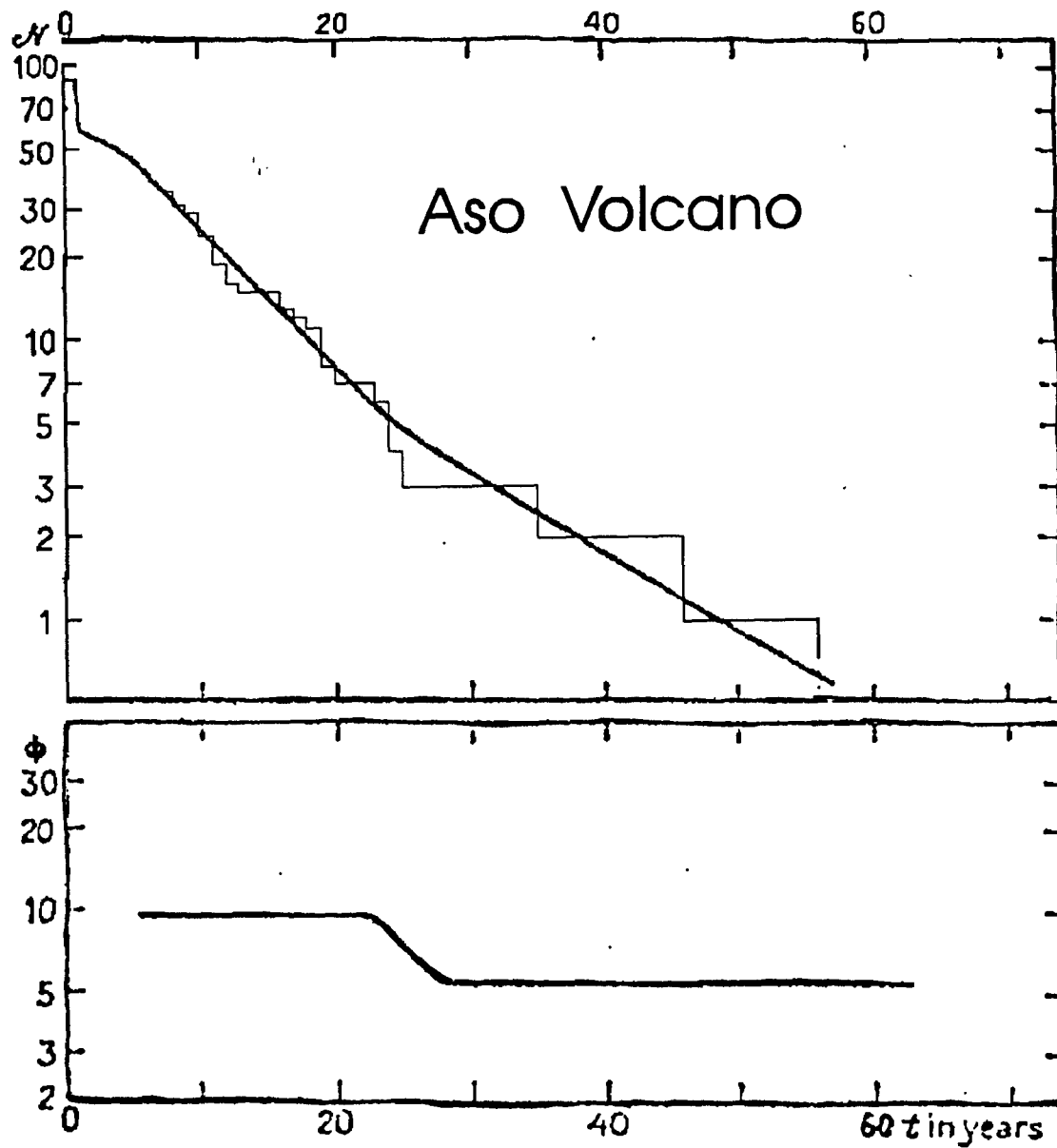
survivor function

$$\mathcal{F}(x) = \text{prob} (X > x) = \int_x^{\infty} f(u) du$$

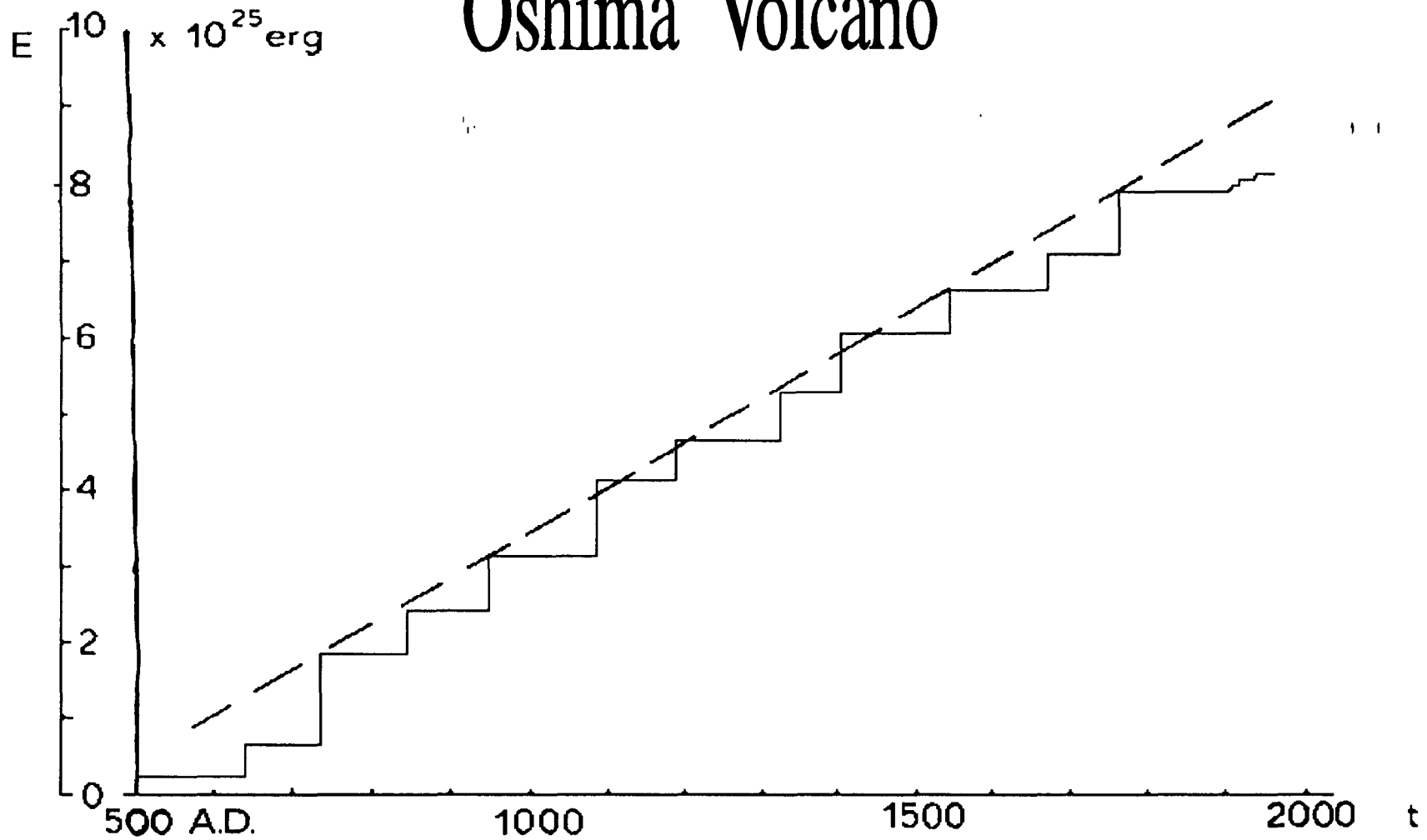
age-specific eruption rate

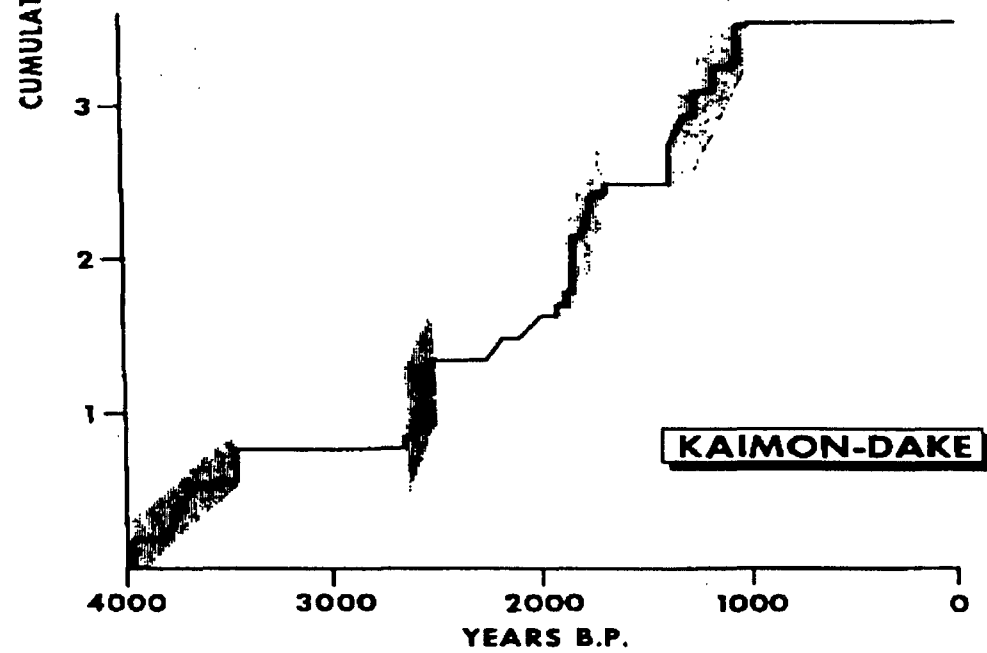
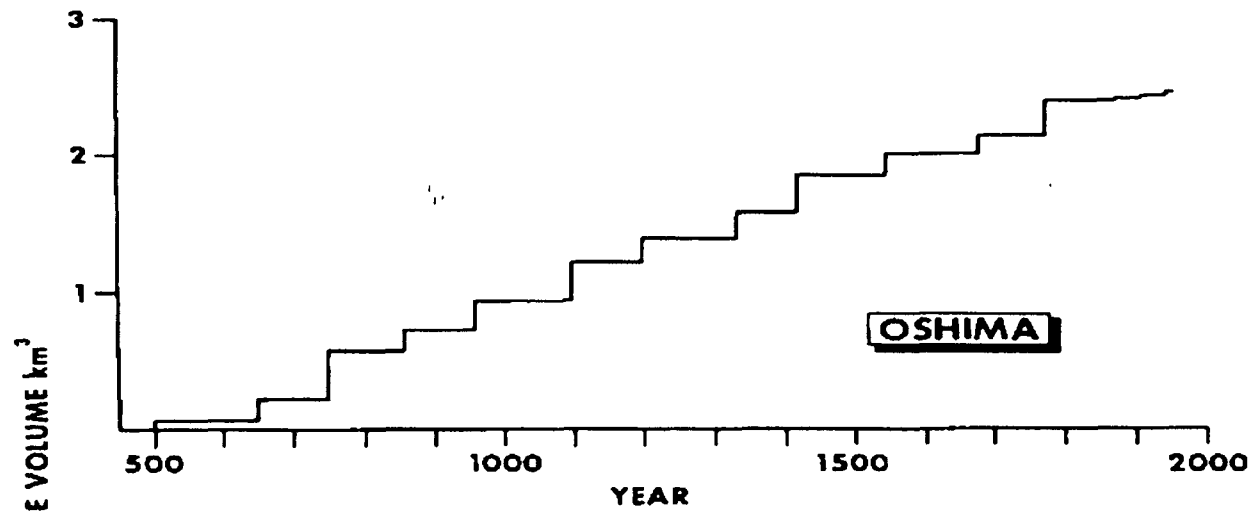
$$\phi(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\text{prob} (x < X < x + \Delta x | x < X)}{\Delta x}$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{f(x)}{\mathcal{F}(x)} = -\frac{\mathcal{F}'(x)}{\mathcal{F}(x)} = -\frac{d}{dx} [\ln \mathcal{F}(x)]$$



Oshima Volcano





LONG-TERM VOLCANIC HAZARD ASSESSMENT

Scandone (1979) Mexico

Very active volcanoes

Popocatepetl 2.4×10^{-2} yr⁻¹

Colima 5.0×10^{-2} yr⁻¹

Volcanic fields and regions

Mexican volcanic belt 7.0×10^{-2} yr⁻¹

Chichinautzin 236/7000,000 3.1×10^{-4} yr⁻¹

Tlapacaya 12/23,000 5.3×10^{-4} yr⁻¹

YUCCA MOUNTAIN ISSUES

Geologic Questions to be Answered

1. Vulnerability problem:

- What is the minimum sized volcanic event that would present unacceptable safety hazards?
- What is the temporal probability of such an event or a larger one in the relevant volcanic system?
- What is the probability of such an event being close enough to effect the repository?

YUCCA MOUNTAIN ISSUES

Geologic Questions to be Answered

2. Problem resolution

- Put the volcanism problem into a "global" framework. For example: Compare local forecast with that of larger regions (entire Great Basin and larger volcanic fields)
- Give relatively more weight to qualitative scientific issues. For example: in determination of expected mass eruption rate for volcanoes near Yucca Mountain.
- Use expert judgment to evaluate conceptual issues. For example: the relative probability of various spatial models. or the likelihood of a new volcanic center.