U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
OFFICE OF CIVILIAN RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT

NUCLEAR WASTE TECHNICAL REVIEW BOARD TRANSPORTATION & SYSTEMS PANEL

SUBJECT: NEVADA POTENTIAL REPOSITORY

PRELIMINARY TRANSPORTATION

STRATEGY STUDY 1

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PRESENTER'S TITLE

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ARLINGTON, VA JUNE 14, 1995

Study Purpose

- Support the NEPA information needs relative to transportation mode/corridor
 - Determine/document the process/ timelines/ costs associated with acquisition of SNF/DHLW transportation capability to the potential repository site at Yucca Mountain

Scope

 Emphasize Nevada transportation of waste leaving waste producer sites via rail transport (i.e. arriving in Nevada by rail)

Objectives

- Identify reasonable alternatives for transportation
- Categorize rail transportation options
 - Recommended for detailed evaluation
 - Eliminated from detailed evaluation but monitor for changes
 - Eliminated from further study
- Develop or update cost estimates
- Document EIS options with linkages to design and construction

Background

- 1990 Preliminary Rail Access Study
 - Evaluated 10 rail routes out of 13 identified
 - Provided rough-cost estimates
 - Recommended three routes (Carlin, Caliente & Jean) for greater detail evaluation
- 1992 Caliente Route Conceptual Design Report
 - Provided detailed analysis including land use, environmental and institutional aspects
 - Provided refined costs
- Other studies conducted by Eureka County, Lander County and University of Nevada, Reno

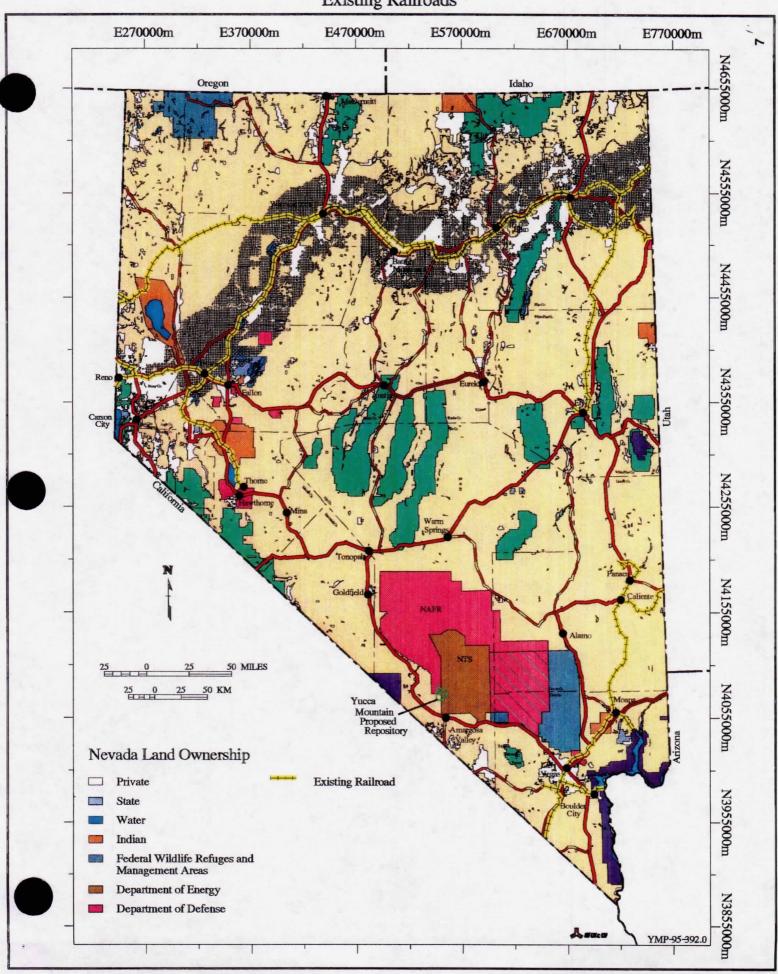
Route Selection Reminder

- Criteria to be used for Nevada transportation mode and route selection cannot be finalized until EIS scoping is complete
- EIS process will provide input to final mode/route selection

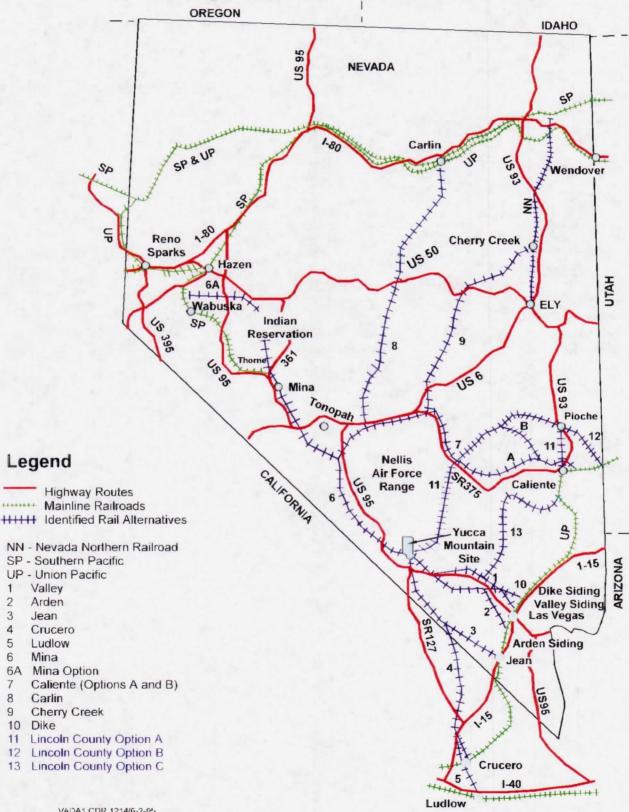
Transportation Modes Considered

- Rail
- Heavy haul truck (i.e. truck shipments in excess of 129,000 lbs. gross vehicle weight)
- Legal weight truck

Existing Railroads

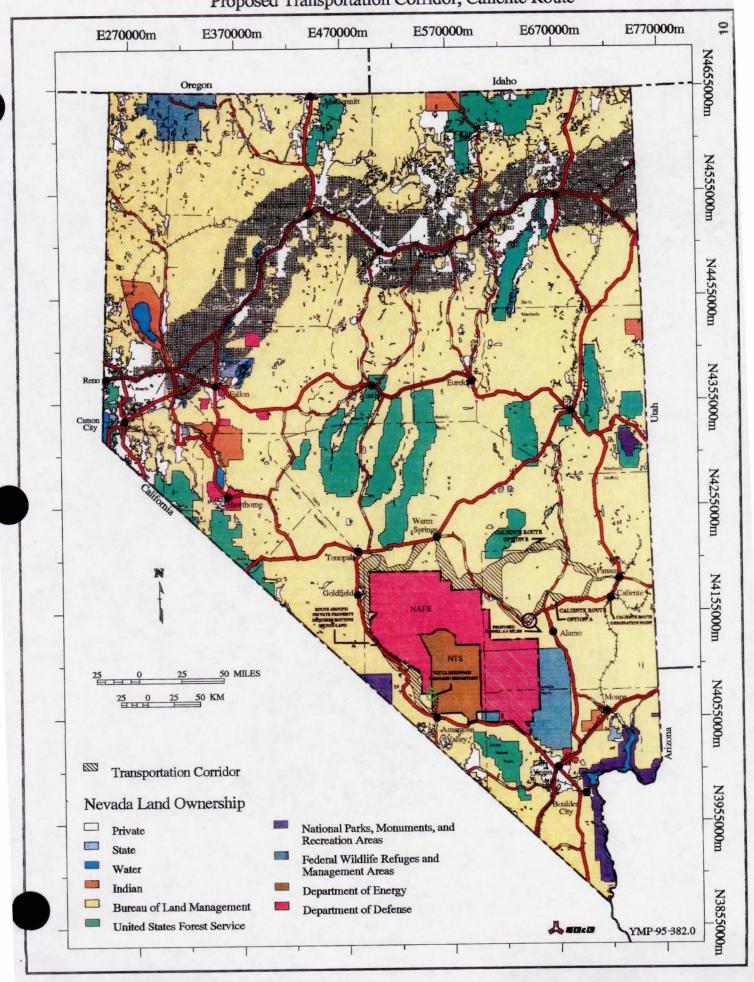


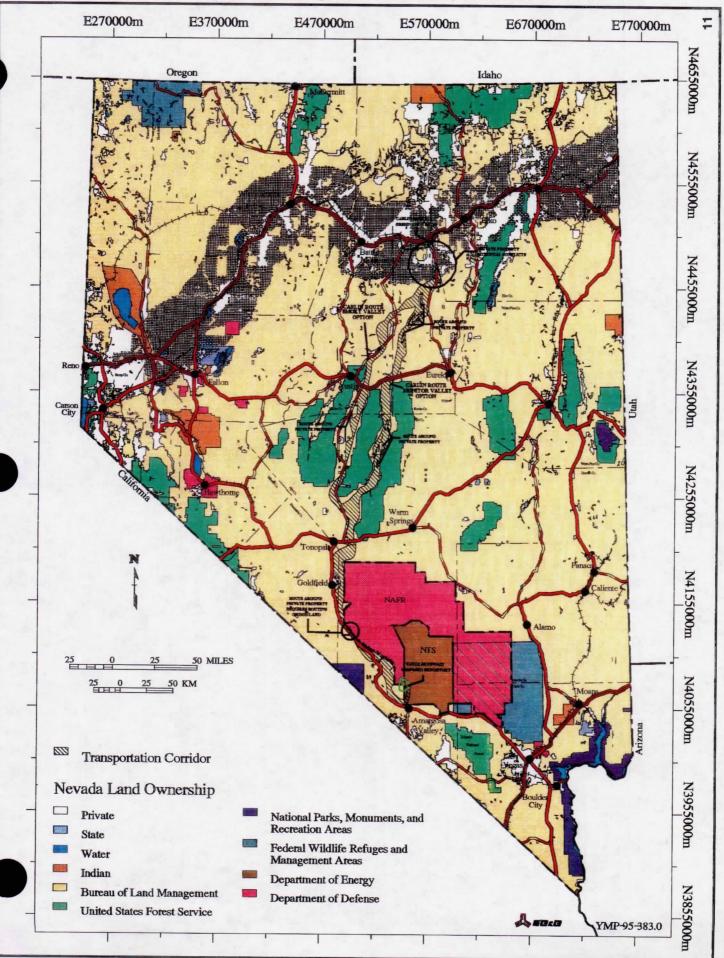
Preliminary Rail Access Study Proposed Routes

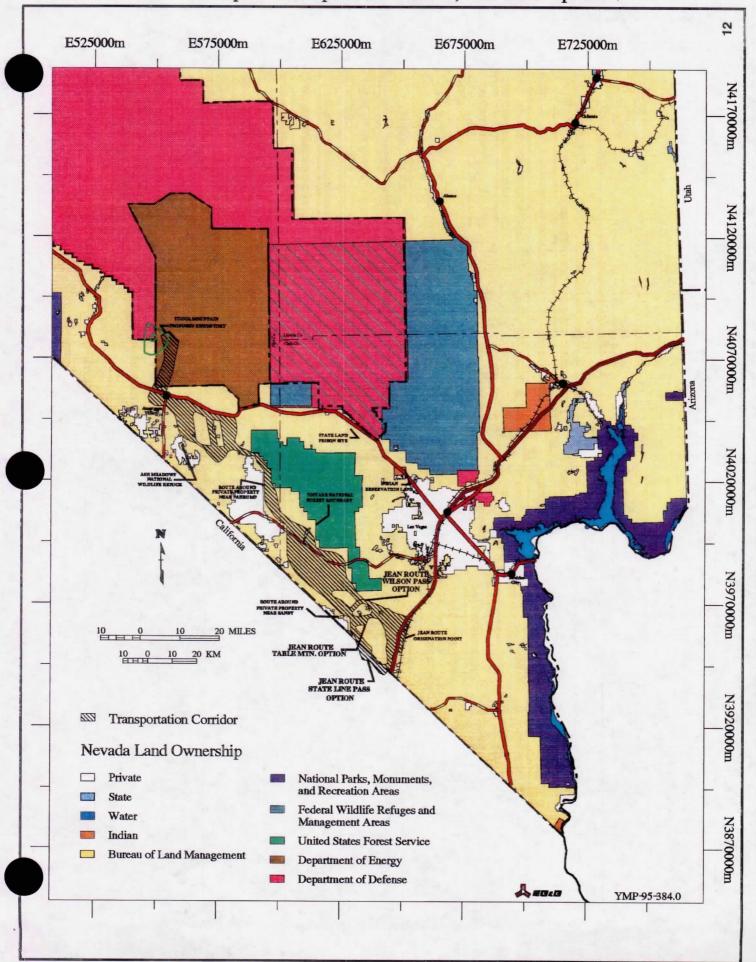


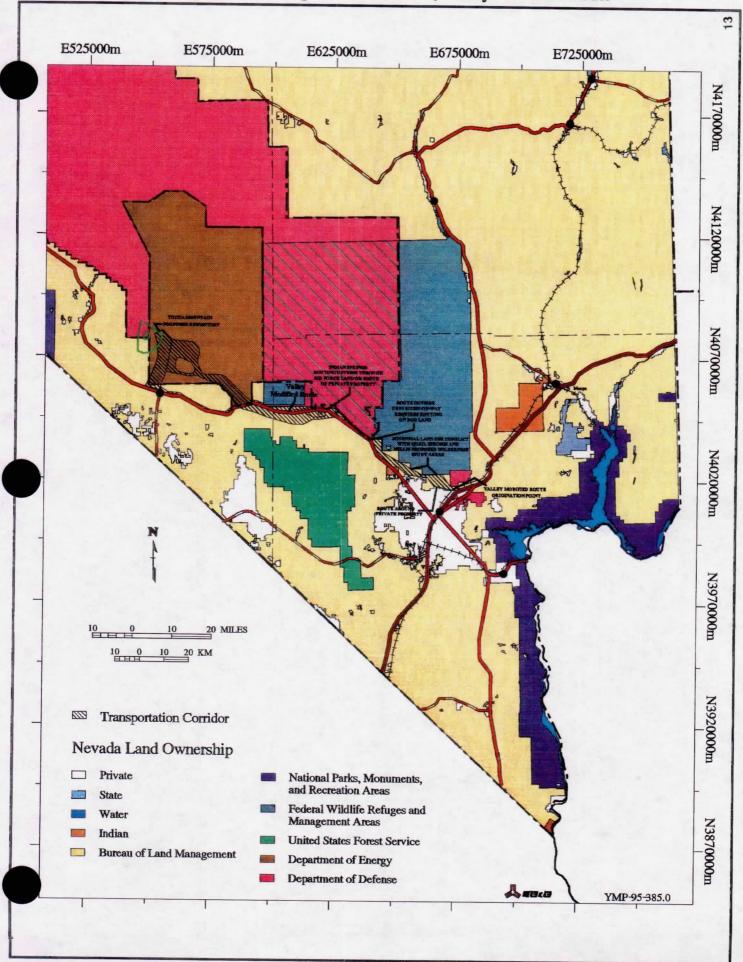
Rail Route Option Categorization

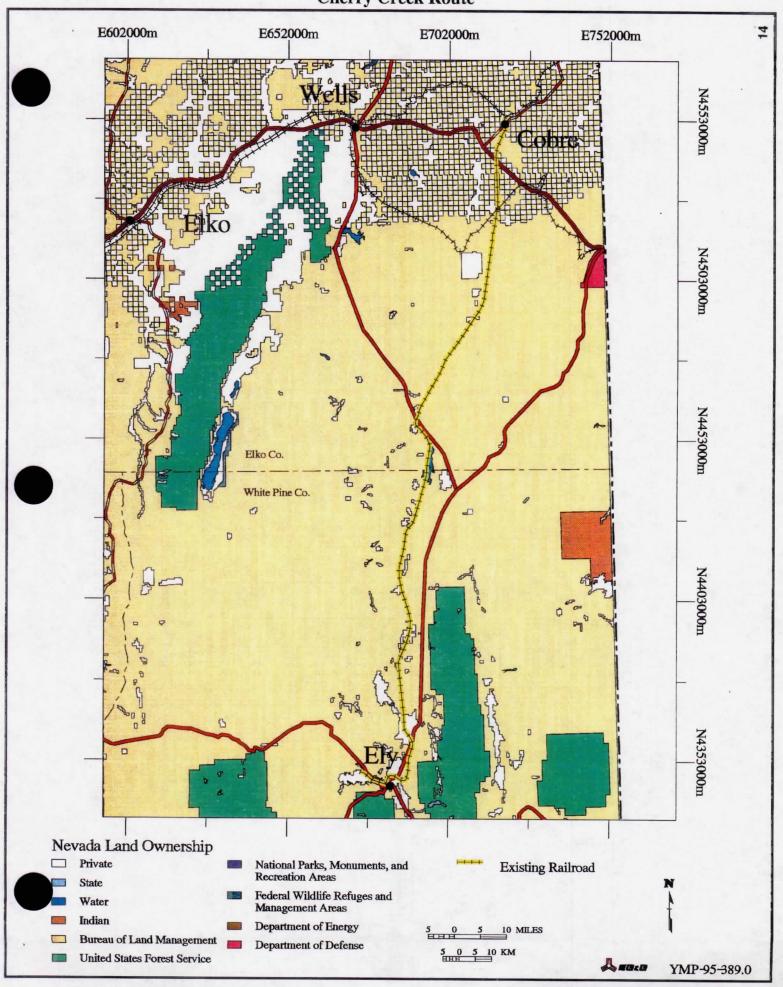
Route Status	Recommended for Detailed Evaluation	Eliminated From Detailed Evaluation Monitor	Eliminated From Further Study	Remarks/Reasons	
Caliente	X			Minimal land use conflicts	
Carlin	Х			High probability of resolving land use conflicts	
Jean	X			Minimal land use conflicts, favorable topography, length and costs	
Valley Modified	x			Favorable topography, lowest cost, flexibility of personnel and freight transportation	
Cherry Creek		X		Privately owned branch line connection. Track would require upgrading.	
Dike		X		Potential Nellis Air Force Range conflicts, combined with Valley Modified	
Mina		X		Infringes on Walker River Paiute tribe right-of-way, possible Fallon Air Force Base expansion	
Arden			X	Significant potential land use conflicts with private and Nature area lands (Probable population growth in foothills of Spring Mountain)	
Crucero			X	Significant portion of route traverses wilderness protection area (California Desert Conservation Act of 1994)	
Ludlow			X	Significant portion of route traverses wilderness protection area (California Desert Conservation Act of 1994)	
Lincoln County A and B			Х	Nellis Air Force Range conflicts, DOD lands	
Lincoln County C			X	Nellis Air Force Range conflicts, no direct access, would require intermodal transfer station, rough topography	
Valley			Х	Significant potential land use conflicts with private and Nature area lands (Red Rock Canyon Conversation Act), combined with Valley Modified	



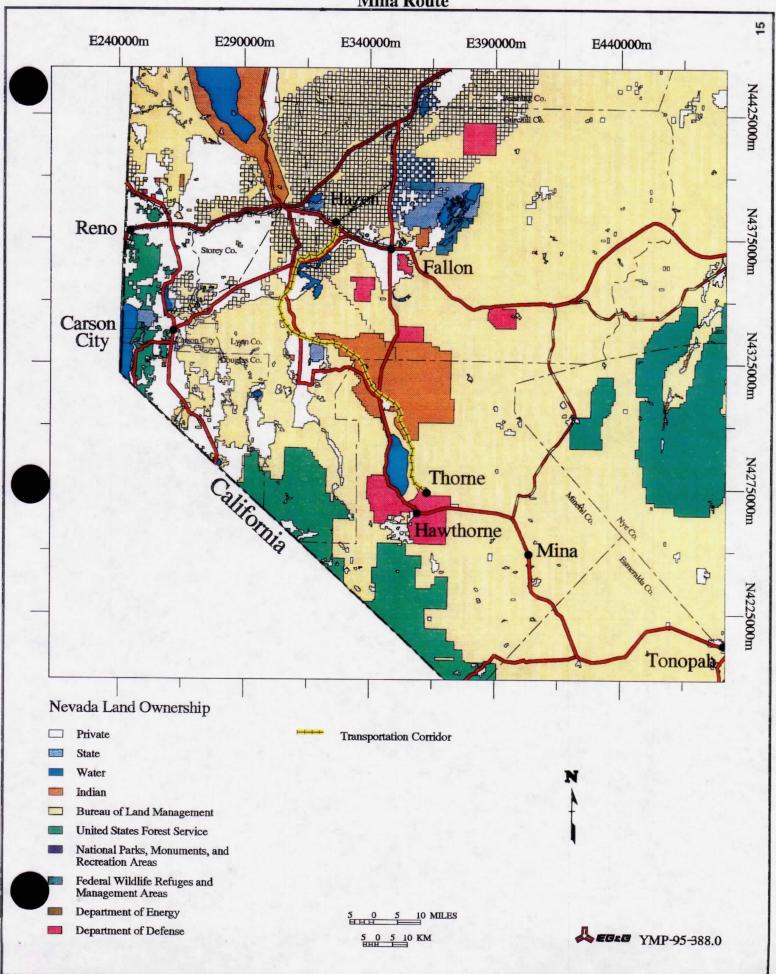




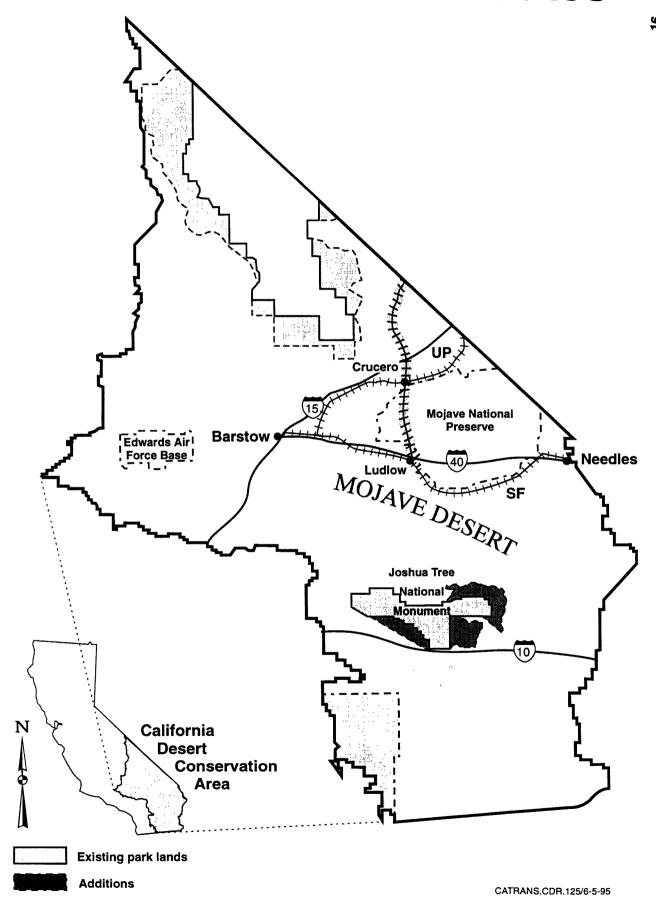


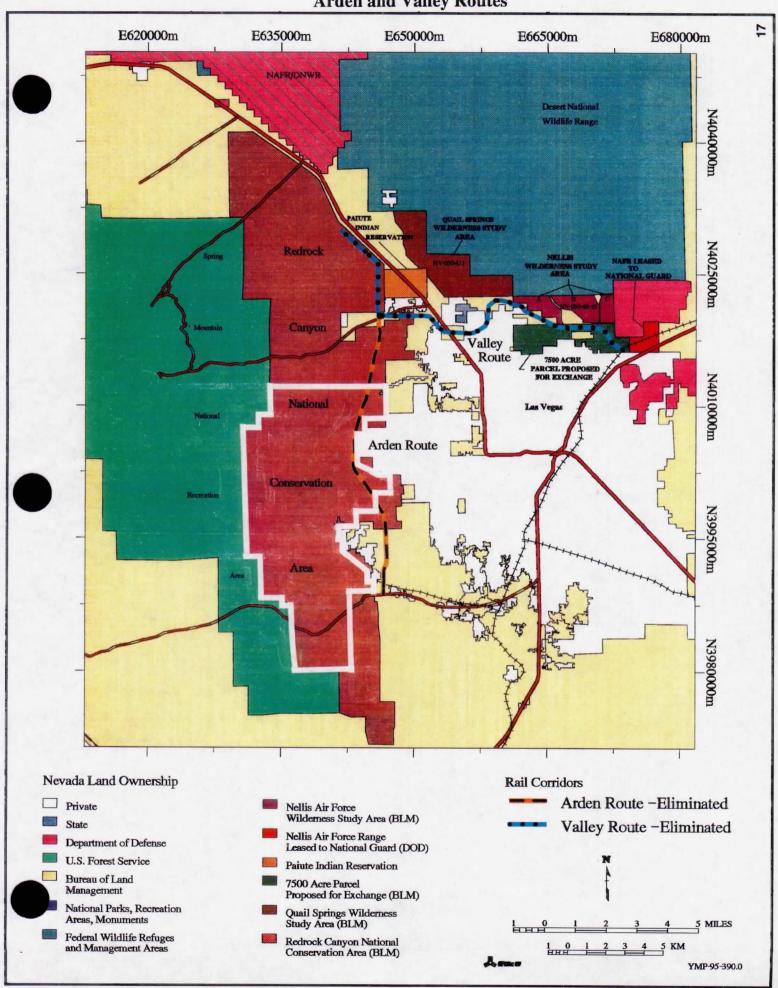


Mina Route

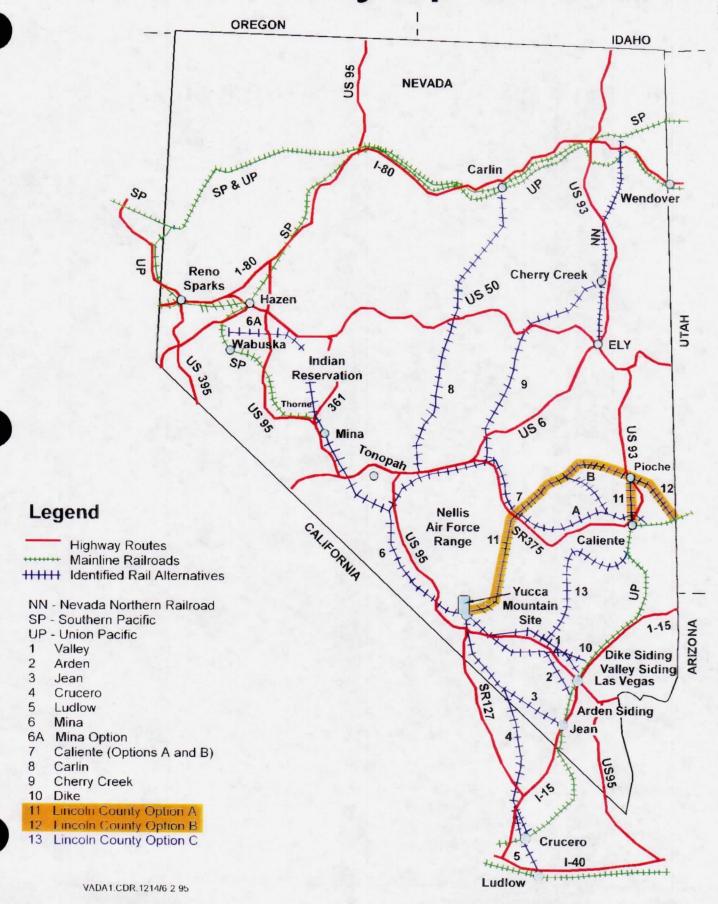


Ludlow and Crucero Routes

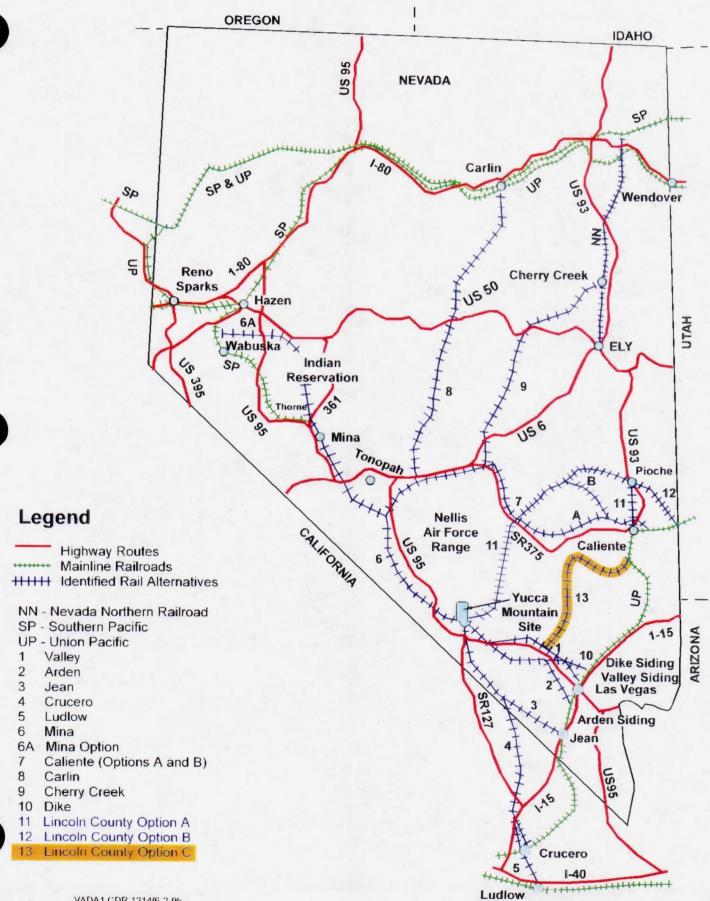




Lincoln County Option A & B



Lincoln County Option C



Cost Estimate Approach/Assumptions

- Utilized unit costs developed in Caliente Conceptual Design Report
- Costs estimated based on estimated length within a grade classification (0-3%, 3-6%, >6%)
- Also considered costs of tunnels, grade separations, and drain structures
- Added 35% contingency to construction costs
- Estimated planning, engineering, construction management, and administration costs as 24% of construction total
- Operations and Maintenance costs were based on DOE-owned and -operated equipment with single mission usage

Cost Comparison of Alternative Routes (FY94 Million Dollars)

Routes Selected for Future Evaluation	Route Mileage	Estimated Cost of Rail Design & Construction	Estimated Annual Cost of Rail Operation & Maintenance
Caliente-Option B	355	\$1,094.8	\$5.8
Carlin-Monitor Option	350	\$1,105.2	\$5.8
Carlin-Smoky Valley Option	365	\$1,175.7	\$5.9
Modified Valley Route	103	\$355.4	\$3.6
Jean-Table Mt. Option	121	\$472.0	\$3.6
Jean-Wilson Pass Option	116	\$457.1	\$3.5
Jean-State Line Pass Option	127	\$438.3	\$3.6

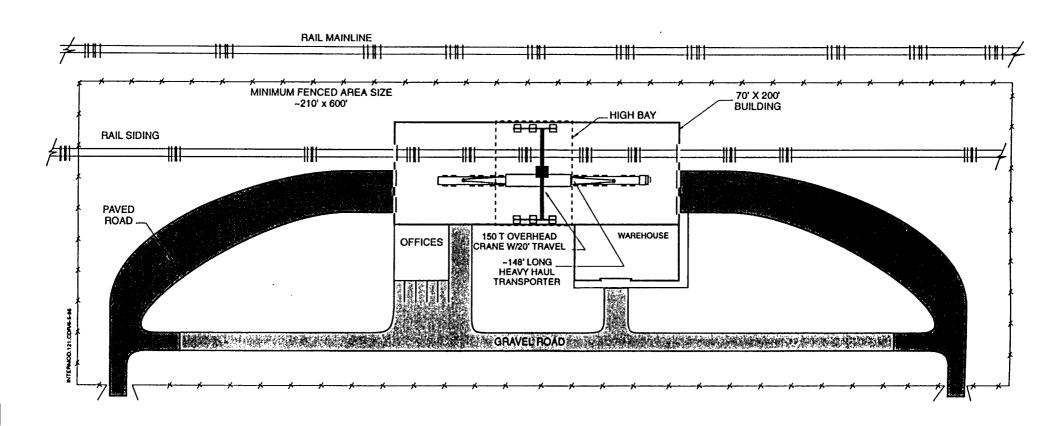
Heavy Haul Option

- Road transportation requires heavy haul
 - SNF
 - « 125 tons maximum loaded cask weight
 - « 75 tons maximum loaded cask weight
 - HLW
 - « 115 tons maximum loaded cask weight
- Heavy haul requirements*
 - Intermodal transfer station
 - Transporter
- Three heavy haul routes identified
 - Caliente
 - Arden
 - Valley/Dike Siding
- Assume use of existing highways only

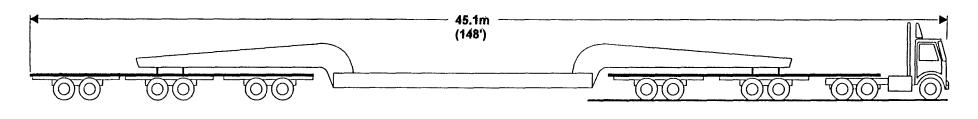
Intermodal Transfer Station Concept

- It must be capable of transferring an MPC/ transportation cask from rail to heavy haul truck
- Crane load capacity must be sufficient for 125 ton payload

Intermodal Transfer Station Concept

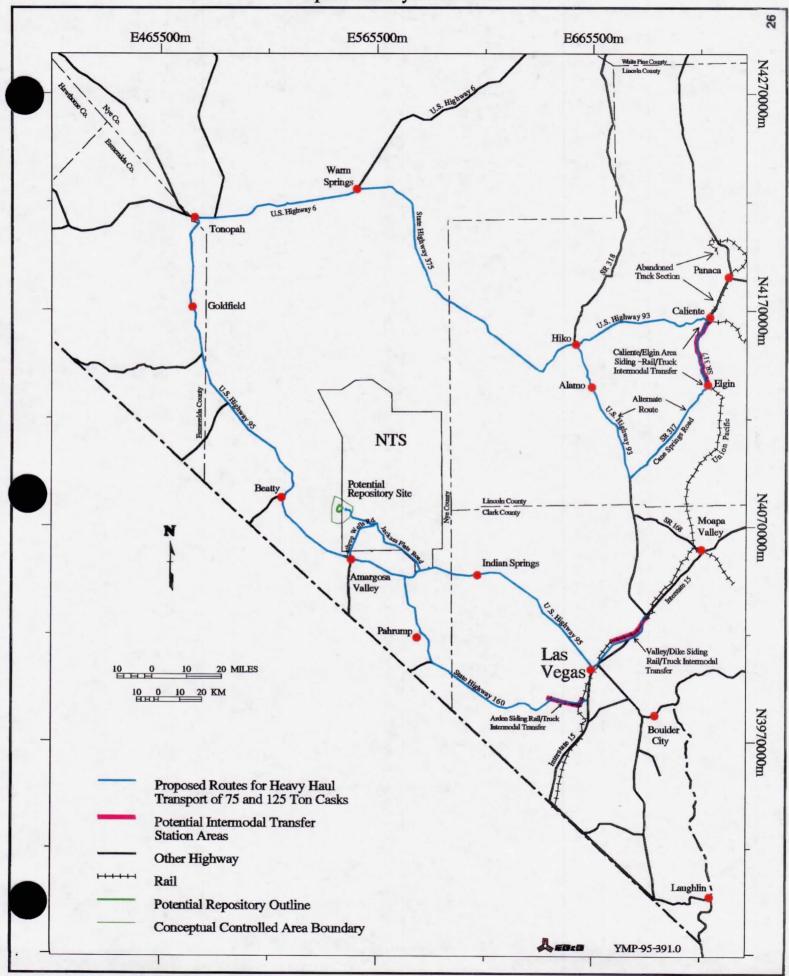


Heavy Haul Transporter



NOT TO SCALE

- Maximum tandem axle loading 58,400 lbs
- 13 axles
- Total empty weight of tractor and trailer 120,000 lbs
- Steerable trailer



Heavy Haul Cost

- Annual permit from state of Nevada is approximately \$30,000/year
- Truck company contract cost approximately \$10,000
 - \$15,000/ shipment
- Intermodal transfer facility approximately \$2.6 million
- Total cost over 24-year period about \$170 million (based on 11,230 shipments)

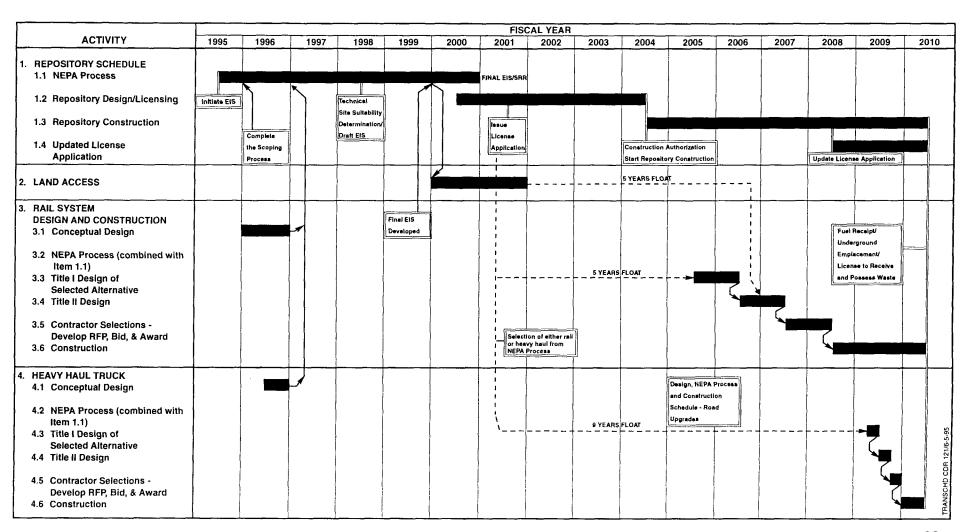
Heavy Haul Issues

- Caliente route (SR 375, US 6 & SR 317) requires rerouting three months each year due to Nevada frost restriction regulations
- Arden route (SR 160) currently has wide load restrictions (8'6" maximum width allowed vs. 11.0' transportation cask width)
- Valley/Dike siding route (I 15 & US 95) traverses Las Vegas area
- Heavy haul shipments have time-of-day and day-ofweek restrictions

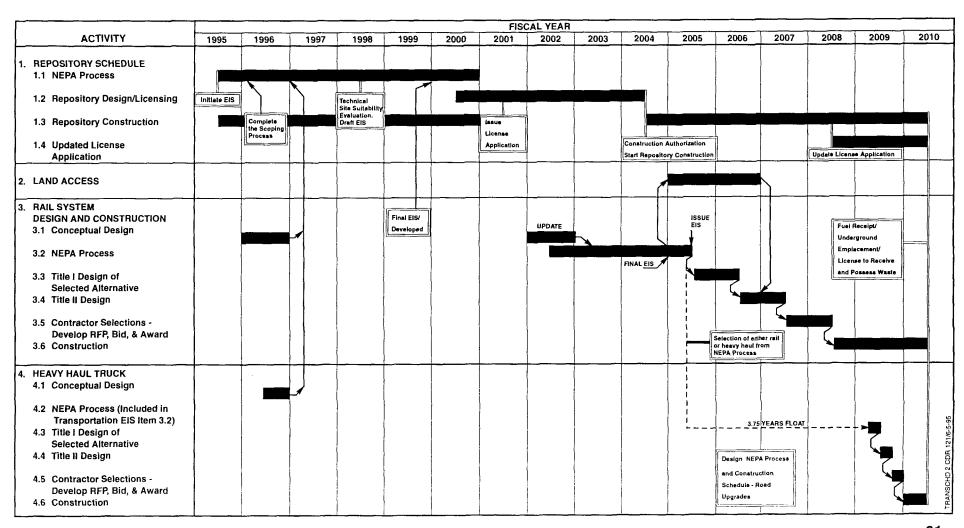
Legal Weight Truck

- Legal weight truck (LWT) limited to a gross vehicle weight of not greater than 80,000 lbs.
- According to current DOE plan, 4-11% of SNF will be transported by LWT. Based on the assumption that 4-19 reactors cannot accommodate rail transport
- LWT routes in Nevada will be determined using United States Department of Transportation regulations, which allow for State designation of preferred alternatives (49CFR 397.101 & 397.103)

Yucca Mountain Railroad/Heavy Haul Truck Transportation Schedule (EIS Development with no Additional Analysis)



Yucca Mountain Railroad/Heavy Haul Truck Transportation Schedule (EIS Development with Additional Analysis)



Nevada Transportation Strategy

IDENTIFICATION PHASE:

- 4 Rail Corridors
- 3 Heavy Haul Truck Routes
- Legal Weight Truck

EVALUATION PHASE:

- NEPA
- Conceptual Design

DECISION

- Mode
- Schedule
- Route
- Usage