

Studies

## Hydraulic and Tracer Testing at the C-Holes Complex 1995-1997

Presented to: Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board

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Generalized hydrogeologic units with major structural features (limestone aquifer, lower volcanic aquifer, and lower volcanic confining unit do not appear at the land surface).

METERS BELOW



Hydrogeologic intervals in the C-holes during hydraulic and tracer

tests, 1995 to 1997 (Modified from Geldon, 1996)



Surface locations of boreholes UE-25c #1, UE-25c #2, and UE-25c #3. [Map is referenced to Nevada State Central Zone Coordinates.]

## **Hydraulic and Conservative Tracer Tests**

- Open-hole Hydraulic Test in 5/95
- Observation Wells Packed off in 6/95 Hydraulic Test (Plus Flow Survey)
- Long-term Hydraulic Test from 5/8/96 to 11/12/97. Distant Observation Wells Monitored.
- 2/96 lodide Tracer Test in Lower Bullfrog-Upper Tram
- 1/9/97 Pyridone Tracer Test in Lower Bullfrog (c1-c3)
- 1/10/97 2, 6 DFBA Tracer Test (c2-c3)

# **Hydraulic Test in UE-25 C#3, 1995 to** 1997

|   | TEST 1                                   | TEST 2                                  | TEST 3                                  | TEST 4                                   |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| START PUMPING                           | 5/22/95                                  | 6/12/95                                 | 2/08/96                                 | 5/08/96                                  |
| STOP PUMPING                            | 6/01/95                                  | 6/16/95                                 | 2/13/96                                 | 3/26/97                                  |
| LENGTH (DAYS)                           | 10.0                                     | 4.0                                     | 4.9                                     | 322.3                                    |
| INTERVAL PUMPED                         | CALICO<br>HILLS TO<br>TRAM               | CALICO<br>HILLS TO<br>TRAM              | BULLFROG-<br>TRAM                       | LOWER<br>BULLFROG                        |
| DISCHARGE (L/S)                         | 17.9                                     | 22.5                                    | 8.49                                    | 9.53                                     |
| PUMPING WELL<br>DRAWDOWN (M)            | 7.76                                     | 10.9                                    | 2.86                                    | 5.98                                     |
| OBSERVATION WELLS                       | C#1,C#2,<br>WT#14,<br>WT#3,H-4,<br>ONC-1 | C#1,C#2                                 | C#1,C#2                                 | C#1,C#2,<br>WT#14,<br>WT#3,H-4,<br>ONC-1 |
| DISTANCE TO<br>OBSERVATION WELLS<br>(M) | 29-3,526                                 | 29-86                                   | 29-86                                   | 29-3,526                                 |
| GEOLOGIC UNITS IN<br>OBSERVATION WELLS  | TOPOPAH<br>SPRING TO<br>LITHIC<br>RIDGE  | CALICO<br>HILLS TO<br>LOWER<br>BULLFROG | CALICO<br>HILLS TO<br>BULLFROG-<br>TRAM | TOPOPAH<br>SPRING TO<br>LITHIC<br>RIDGE  |
| OBSERVATION WELL<br>DRAWDOWN (CM)       | 0-43                                     | 43-352                                  | 14-25                                   | 15-51                                    |



| BOREHOLE/INTERVA    | L R (M)         | T (M²/D)    | K (M/D)     | S               |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| C-HOLES             |                 |             |             |                 |
| CALICO HILLS        | 29-78           | 6-9         | 0.1-0.2     | 0.0002          |
| PROW PASS           | <b>29-81</b>    | 40-60       | 2-3         | 0.0003-0.0004   |
| UPPER BULLFROG      | 29-83           | 40-100      | 0.8-4       | 0.00002-0.0009  |
| LOWER BULLFROG      | <b>3 29-86</b>  | 1,300-1,600 | 20-50       | 0.0002-0.002    |
| UPPER TRAM          | 30-87           | 800-900     | 20-40       | 0.0001-0.001    |
| COMPOSITE           | 29-83           | 1,800-2,600 | 7-18        | 0.001-0.003     |
| ONC-1 (PROW PASS    | ) 843           | 1,000       | 5           | 0.001           |
| H-4 (PROW PASS TO   | כ               |             |             |                 |
| LITHIC RIDGE)       | 2,245           | 700         | 2           | 0.002           |
| WT#14 (TOPOPAH      |                 |             |             |                 |
| CALICO HILLS)       | 2,249           | 1,300       | ≈10         | 0.002           |
| WT#3 (BULLFROG)     | 3,526           | 2,600       | ≤ <b>60</b> | 0.002           |
| TUFFACEOUS<br>ROCKS | ≤3,526 <b>2</b> | 2,100-2,600 | UNKNOW      | /N 0.0005-0.003 |





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#### **EXPLANATION**

- /0.36 OBSERVATION WELL -Well number to left of slash; drawdown, in centimeters, to right of slash; not applicable if drawdown affected by a recharge boundary
- --- 0.4 -- -- LINE OF EQUAL DRAWDOWN --Interval, 5 centimeters;

#### **OBSERVATION WELL NUMBERS**

- 1. UE-25 WT#14
- 2. USW H-4
- 3. UE-25 ONC-1
- 4. UE-25 c#1
- 5. UE-25 c#2
- 6. UE-25 c#3
- 7. UE-25 WT#3

Distribution of drawndown in observation wells 30,000 minutes (20.3 days) and 463,000 minutes (321.5 days) after pumping started in UE-25 c#3 on May 8, 1996



Analysis of drawdown in observation wells as a function of time divided by the square of the distance from the pumping well, hydraulic test in UE-25 c#3, May 8, 1996 to March 26, 1997



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|                             | UE-25<br>c#2<br>IODIDE | UE-25 c#2<br>PFBA1 | UE-25 c#2<br>DFBA | UE-25 c#1<br>PYRIDONE                    |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Mass injected (kg)          | 5.0<br>(Iodide)        | 10.08 kg           | 11.35 kg          | 3.02 kg                                  |
| Mass recovered<br>[kg/ (%)] | 2.347<br>(47%)         | 7.0<br>(69%)       | 7.598<br>(67%)    | 0.036<br>no peak<br>(10/20/97)<br>(1.2%) |
| Breakthrough<br>(days)      | 5.07                   | 2.51               | 5.07              | 56.3                                     |
| Peak Conc.<br>(ug/L)        | 99.5                   | 350                | 251               | 0.392<br>maximum<br>(10/20/97)           |
| Peclet Number               | 11                     | 11                 | 12-15             | 10/3                                     |
| Dispersivity (m)            | 2.6                    | 2.6                | 2.4-1.9           | 8.56/28.5                                |
| Flow porosity<br>(%)        | 8.6                    | 6.0                | 9.9-7.2           | 13/30                                    |
| Matrix porosity<br>(%)      | 19                     | 6.38               | 8.8-13.2          | .01/.02                                  |

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## **Future Testing Plans at the C-holes**

- Prow Pass Hydraulic and Conservative Tracer Testing
  - Prow Pass is Low-Flow Zone: With Bullfrog Gives Range in Hydraulic and Transport Parameters
  - One of First Horizons to be Reached by Radionuclides from Breached Repository
  - Special Equipment Designed for Test
  - Reinstrumentation Complete by 2/98; Start Testing in 3/98
- Hydraulic and Tracer Testing in Paintbrush Canyon Fault at C-holes
  - Deferred to FY99 Because of Budget
  - Will provide hydraulic and transport parameters for a fault in the SZ: critical for explicitly representing faults in SZ flow and transport models
- Conduct hydraulic and conservative tracer testing at other locations near Yucca Mountain







- Variations in major constituent concentrations in saturated zone waters in volcanic units unlikely to have major impact on transport parameters.
- Variations in climate are unlikely to have significant impact on the chemistry of saturated zone waters along flowlines from recharge areas through Yucca Mountain to Amargosa Valley.
- Water from well J-13 can be used in laboratory experiments to represent saturated zone waters in volcanic units. The experiments should be carried out over a range of pH conditions.
- The redox potential of saturated zone waters may be sufficiently low to stabilize the less mobile forms of several important radionuclides.