#### **Scientific Program Overview**

Presentation to: Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board (NWTRB)

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U.S. Department of Energy Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management Yucca Mountain Project

### Overview

#### Testing Update

- Moisture Monitoring
  - » Alcove 1
  - » Alcove 7
  - » Cross Drift
- ESF Niche Studies
- <sup>36</sup>CI Validation Study
- Cooperative Work on Fluid Inclusions
- Cross Drift
  - » Fracture Mineral Studies
  - » Mapping
  - » Alcove and Niche Studies

#### Overview (continued)

- Testing Update (continued)
  - Steep Hydraulic Gradient
  - Status of SD-6
  - Cooperative Work with Nye County
  - EBS Pilot-Scale Testing
- Plan for Scientific Program
  - SR and LA and Integration with LADS Process
  - Process Model Reports
  - Long-Term Testing and Performance Confirmation



### **Testing Update**

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# Testing Update



- Alcove 1
  - Purpose
    - » Evaluate infiltration and percolation through the unsaturated zone above Alcove 1
    - » Evaluate the climatic effects associated with increased precipitation
  - Phase 1
    - » Over 60,000 gallons of water applied
    - » Seepage in Alcove 1 began after approximately 8.5 weeks (over 30,000 gallons of water applied)
    - » Approximately 10% of the applied water was recovered in the alcove collection system

- Alcove 1 (cont.)
  - Phase 2
    - » Water application started on 2/19/99
    - » As of mid May, approximately 27,000 gallons of water applied (varying application rates)
    - » Water applied equals 7 years of average annual precipitation
    - » Seepage in Alcove 1 began after approximately 3 weeks
    - » As of mid May, approximately 10% of the applied water was recovered in the alcove collection system
    - » Plan is to introduce a suite of aqueous tracers and compare to model predictions





(continued)

#### Alcove 7

- Purpose
  - » Study flow associated with increased precipitation

(1998 "El Nino event") in Ghost Dance Fault zone

» Isolated regions in the alcove within fault zone and adjacent areas using bulkheads

#### Observations

- » Rock returned to "ambient" conditions (i.e. > 99% relative humidity) relatively quickly
- » No dripping water has been detected either visually or using instrumentation

(continued)

#### Cross Drift

- Observations
  - » Construction water observed more than 30 meters from excavation in Middle Nonlithophysal unit and limited to 2 meters from excavation in the Upper Lithophysal unit
  - » Approximately half of the construction water was lost to the fracture network
  - » Overall, there is a net loss of water from the Cross Drift (on average, drier than pre-construction)

- Cross Drift (continued)
  - Observations (continued)
    - » Migration of drying front away from excavation continuing
    - » Response varies depending on lithology
    - » Water potential in Topopah Spring units in Cross Drift relatively uniform and higher than observed previously
    - » Additional investigations are underway to further evaluate water potential data





#### **ESF Niche Studies**

#### Purpose

- Evaluate drift-scale seepage processes and seepage threshold in potential repository horizon rocks
- Observations
  - Measured seepage threshold fluxes at Niche 2
  - Observed capillary barrier forming and fracture wetting history effects at Niche 2
  - Air permeabilities increase after excavation at Niche 2 and Niche 3

## **ESF Niche Studies**

- **Observations** (continued)
  - Dye was observed in fracture system at Niche 3 to a maximum distance of 1.2 meters below the release point (as compared to 2.6 meters at Niche 2)
  - Ongoing liquid-release tests at Niche 3 are focusing on the determination of seepage threshold and fracture wetting history, to compare to results from Niche 2

### **ESF Niche Studies**



## <sup>36</sup>CI Validation Study

#### Purpose

- New work to validate occurrence of "bomb-pulse" <sup>36</sup>Cl at two locations in the ESF -- Sundance Fault zone and Drillhole Wash Fault zone
- Approach
  - Collect core from 50 boreholes (40 at Sundance Fault zone and 10 at Drillhole Wash Fault zone)
  - Conduct CI, <sup>36</sup>CI, Tritium, U isotope, and <sup>99</sup>Tc analyses joint effort involving USGS, LLNL, LANL, AECL, and Purdue University

# <sup>36</sup>CI Validation Study

(continued)

#### Status

- 20 boreholes at Sundance Fault zone complete as of early June and initial sample selection complete
- Drilling scheduled to be complete by August
- Analyses ongoing -- initial <sup>36</sup>Cl and U isotope analyses expected by mid July

### **Cooperative Work on Fluid Inclusions**

- Cooperative study involving UNLV, DOE, and State of Nevada
- Focus of sampling to date is in ESF and Cross Drift
  - As of early June, nearly 150 samples collected
  - Samples from throughout ESF tunnel, ESF alcoves, and Cross Drift
  - Quarterly meetings to be held to compare results and observations -- first and second meetings held in mid April and mid June, respectively

# **Cross Drift**

#### Fracture Mineral Studies

- Line surveys to determine spatial distribution and abundance of calcite/opal deposits
- Sampling of fracture minerals, including detailed sampling of Solitario Canyon Fault zone
- Petrographic studies
- U-series and U-Pb dating of selected samples
- Oxygen, carbon, and strontium isotope analyses of selected samples

#### Cross Drift (continued)

# **Ongoing Mapping Work in the ECRB**

#### Small-Scale fracture Study

- Six 6-m long horizontal line survey traverses
  - » Three 2-m long vertical line survey traverses



- » Characterize fractures with trace lengths between 4 cm and 1 m
- » Detailed digital photo coverage of each traverse

#### **Locations of Small-Scale Fracture Traverses**

<u>Station</u>	<u>Lithostratigraphy</u>
11+15 – 11+21	Tptpmn
13+00 – 13+06	Tptpmn
15+25 – 15+31	Tptpll
17+35 – 17+41	Tptpll
22+15 – 22+21	Tptpll
24+25 – 24+31	Tptpln



#### **Fracture Frequency Estimations**



Priest & Hudson estimations of total fracture frequency derived from RQD (by C. Rautman)

Preliminary frequencies vary from 150 to 305 fractures per 10 meters

# Cross Drift

#### Alcove and Niche Studies

- Status
  - » Hydrologic Bulkhead Study -- began in mid June
    - **¤** Bulkheads at Stations 17+63 meters and 25+03 meters
  - » Crossover Alcove (Station 8+00 meters)
    - Blast monitoring boreholes complete and drill and blast excavation planned to begin in early July
    - **¤** Testing planned to begin in early FY00
  - » Niche 5
    - Blast monitoring boreholes and pre-excavation permeability boreholes complete and drill and blast excavation planned to begin in early FY00
    - **¤** Pre-excavation permeability borehole testing planned in July-August
    - **¤** Testing planned to continue in FY00







### **Steep Hydraulic Gradient**

- Further drilling at WT-24 deferred unless deemed necessary to meet PA needs in support of SR and LA
- Results from WT-24 and earlier testing do provide important constraints
  - Regional potentiometric surface encountered close to bottom of WT-24
  - Perched water zone also encountered above regional water table in WT-24

# **Steep Hydraulic Gradient**

- Results from WT-24 and earlier testing to provide important constraints
  - Favored hypothesis is that steep hydraulic gradient does exist north of potential repository (but not as steep as once hypothesized)
  - Condition that causes gradient may divert some SZ flow eastward around potential repository (Midway Valley or Fortymile Wash area)



### **Status of SD-6**



### **Cooperative Work with Nye County**

- FY99 field work mostly completed -- laboratory analyses of cuttings and water samples ongoing
- Data being incorporated into Project SZ flow and transport model
- Project involved in planning for FY00 phase of drilling activities (7 shallow wells and 2 deep wells on the Site)

### **EBS Pilot-Scale Testing**

- Test Canister #1 initiated in mid-December, 1998
  - EBS concept is Richard's Barrier (medium sand over coarse sand) under superpluvial rates
  - Richard's Barrier continues to effectively divert water (greater than 98% water diverted)
- Test Canister #2 initiated in mid-January, 1999
  - EBS concept is coarse sand backfill under superpluvial rates
  - Testing completed on February 19, 1999-- water contacted mock canister very quickly

# **EBS Pilot-Scale Testing**

- Test Canister #3 initiated in early June, 1999
  - EBS concept is Drip Shield (fabricated from 2 cm thick 304 stainless steel) with crushed tuff invert (no backfill) at elevated temperatures
  - Phase 1 involves heating with no drip shield
  - Phase 2 involves heating with drip shield under superpluvial rates

#### **EBS Pilot-Scale Testing**





### **Plan for Scientific Program**

# SR and LA and Integration with LADS Process

 Prioritization of testing program in support of SR and LA linked to principal factors of evolving safety strategy and LADS process

# SR and LA and Integration with LADS Process

- To date, priorities include:
  - UZ flow and transport ESF testing; Cross Drift testing; Busted Butte
  - Seepage ESF testing; Cross Drift testing
  - Near-Field Coupled Processes Drift Scale Test, Cross Drift testing
  - SZ Flow and Transport Cooperative Work with Nye County (Hydraulic and Tracer Testing)

### **Process Model Reports (PMR's)**

- Complete technical documentation of data, analysis, process modeling, and performance assessment modeling
- Testing data, subsystem models, and abstractions used to develop Analysis and Model Reports (AMR's) and PMR's
  - AMR's provide technical details and are the basis for the PMR's
- Testing data collected on an ongoing basis with periodic feeds to revisions of AMR's and PMR's

### Long-Term Testing and Performance Confirmation

- Current plan for long-term testing includes Drift Scale Test, Cross Drift, and SZ work in cooperation with Nye County
- Prioritization of performance confirmation program will be linked to TSPA sensitivity analyses and regulatory requirements

# Long-Term Testing and Performance Confirmation

(continued)

 Ongoing revision of Performance Confirmation Plan (to be completed in FY00) linked to principal factors of evolving safety strategy and LADS process until above information becomes available



#### Backup

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