

# AAR Perspective on the NWTRB Questions


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Board

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What are your key Yucca Mountain transportation safety and security concerns?



# Background

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- Most Shipments will be by Rail Due to Weight Of Cask
- Rail Has Lower Risk of Accident
- 250-400 Shipments Per Year
- 24 Year Shipping Campaign
- High Visibility Shipments
- Minimize Impact on Operations
- Ensure Continuous Improvement
- Goal: incident free transportation



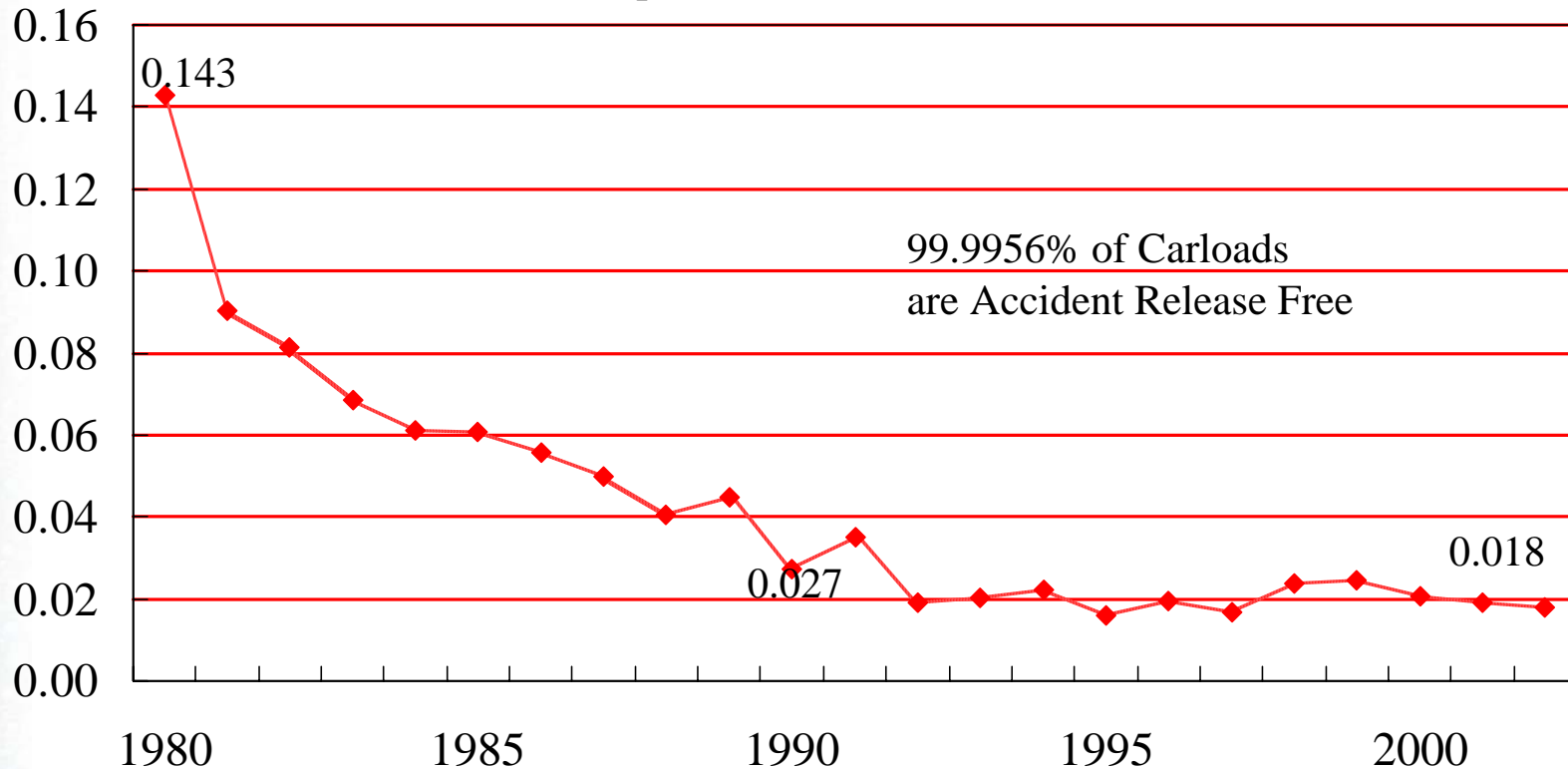
# Safety

- Rail is the preferred mode of transport
- Rail is a very safe way to transport SNF
  - There has never been a release as a result of a rail shipment of SNF
  - 99.9956% of hazmat carloads arrive without a release



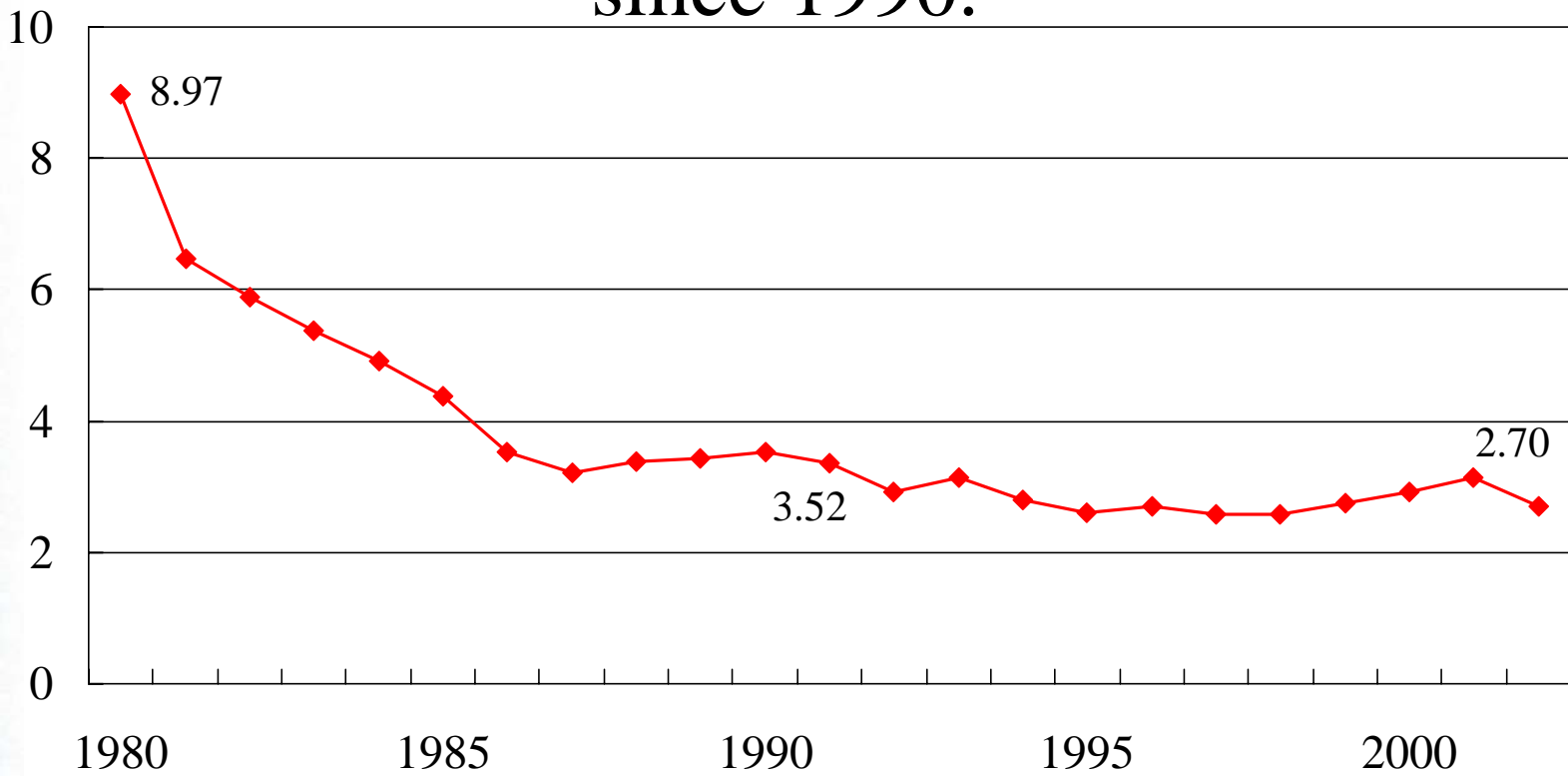
## Hazmat accident rates have declined 87% since 1980 and 34% since 1990.

Train Accidents with a Release per Thousand Carloads



Sources: FRA, Accident/Incident Bulletin, Table 26. FRA, RR Safety Statistics Annual Report 2000, Table 6-1. ICC/STB Waybill Sample. 1997-1999 carloadings adjusted to counter known errors in reporting. Notes: An accident may involve releases from more than one car. 2000 carloadings assumed equal to 1999. 1997-99 accidents are trains in accidents, hence the accident rate may be slightly higher for those years.

# Deraillments per million train-miles have dropped 70% since 1980 and 23% since 1990.



Sources: FRA, Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2000, Tables 1-1, 5-6.  
FRA, Accident/Incident Bulletin, 1980-1996, Tables 19, 36.  
<http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety/> Note: Excludes grade crossing<sup>6</sup> accidents.



# Why Dedicated Trains

- Equivalent weight distribution / train handling
  - Standard freight car 100 ton = 263,000#
  - SNF Car 125 ton >400,000#
- Less handling
  - Fewer switches
  - No classification
- Best available technology can be utilized



# Security

- Guards should be transported in a separate personnel car
  - No space in the locomotive
  - Guards will be on train for long periods of time
- AAR Terrorism Risk Analysis and Security Management Plan Security
  - Threat driven
  - Includes 113 Actions at Alert Level 4





How have you been able to address these concerns based on the information and resources that the DOE has provided to date?



# Performance Specification for Trains Used to Haul High-Level Radioactive Waste

- Includes all cars in the trains including buffer cars, security cars
- Requires static and dynamic modeling before construction
- Requires full scale characterization, static, and dynamic testing of each car and the train
- 100,000 mile evaluation period



# Performance Standard for SNF Trains (cont.)

- Roadworthiness exceeds standard freight car requirements
  - Enhanced performance trucks
- Requires Electronically Controlled Pneumatic (ECP) Brakes
  - Reduced stopping distance
  - Provides conduit for on-board defect detection

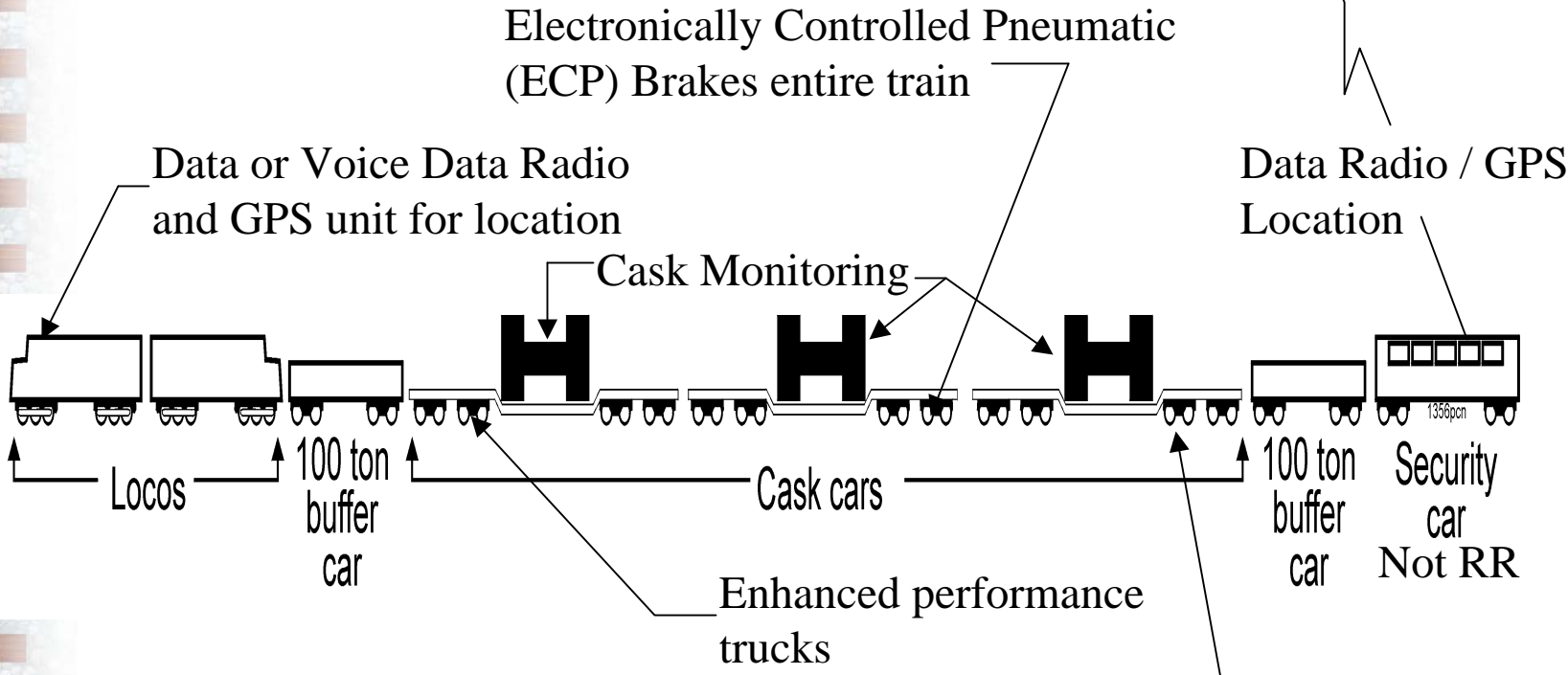


# System Safety Monitoring

- **On-Board Monitoring Systems**
  - Location Determination
  - Truck Hunting
  - Wheel Flats
  - Braking Performance
  - Vertical, Lateral, Longitudinal acceleration
  - Bearing Condition
  - Speed, Ride Quality



# Diagram of SNF Train



Defect detection (all cars) including:

Truck hunting, rocking, wheel flats, bearing condition, ride quality, braking performance, vertical acceleration, and longitudinal acceleration.



# Other Enhanced Safety Actions Affecting SNF Transportation

- AAR OT-55-D
  - Track and Equipment Inspection
  - Defect Monitoring
  - Increased Maintenance Frequency
  - Increased Employee Training
  - Maximum Speed Limit (50 MPH)
- FRA Safety Compliance Oversight Plan Policy for HLRW and SNF Shipments



# Private Fuel Storage LLC

- First Shipper to Build SNF Equipment to AAR's New Performance Standard
- Cask Car Manufactured by Trinity Industries
- Overall Weight of Car, Cask, Cradle, and Impact Limiters is Approx. 476,200 lb.
- Modeling and Characterization Testing Complete
- Static and Dynamic Tests on hold awaiting resolution of State of Utah issues



**PFS Railcar at TTCI for Testing**





What concerns have you been unable to address? What does the DOE need to provide to allow this to happen?

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How long will it take you to address these outstanding concerns once the DOE has provided what you need?<sup>7</sup>



# Concerns

- Most shipments to date have gone by dedicated train
- Yucca Mountain EIS indicates that evidence does not show that dedicated trains are advantageous
- It therefore concludes that it has not determined the arrangements it would request for shipments of SNF & HLRW



## Concerns (cont.)

- What happens if a cask is breached during a rail accident?
  - To date, this has been discussed as a remote possibility
  - We would like a better idea of how this would be handled before shipments are started to the geologic repository



# What needs to occur? How long will it take?

- Procurement and testing of cars that meet the Performance Specification for Trains Used to Haul HLRW takes time
- Alternatively, DOE could purchase cars that meet the performance specification that are being procured by Private Fuel Storage



# Summary...

- Rail is a safe option for the transportation of SNF
- Dedicated trains make sense
- Technological Improvements in Rail Transportation will Continue to Enhance the Safety of SNF Shipments.
- DOE needs to start making some decisions regarding their transportation program to Yucca Mountain soon



Questions?