



DOE Inquiry into USGS E-mail Issues

Presented to:

Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board

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Outline

- Evaluation of Technical Impact Report
- INFIL 2.0 Remediation Activities
- MASSIF Replacement Model Development
- Infiltration Technical Team Data Evaluation
- USGS Model Technical Re-evaluation
- DOE Inspector General's Investigation
- Conclusions and Path Forward





Evaluation of Technical Impact Report Focus and Purpose

- Evaluation of Technical Impact on the Yucca Mountain Project Technical Basis Resulting from Issues Raised by Emails of Former Project Participants (DOE/RW-0583)
- Focused on the primary work products developed by the USGS employees who exchanged the e-mails
 - Infiltration Analysis and Model Report (AMR) Simulation of Net Infiltration for Modern and Potential Future Climates (ANL-NBS-HS-000032, Rev. 00, June 2000)
- Evaluated whether net infiltration rate estimates are independently corroborated by published data
- Considered potential impacts on the technical basis supporting the 2002 Site Recommendation and Key Technical Issue agreements with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- Evaluation of Technical Impact Report will not be used as part of the technical basis for the license application



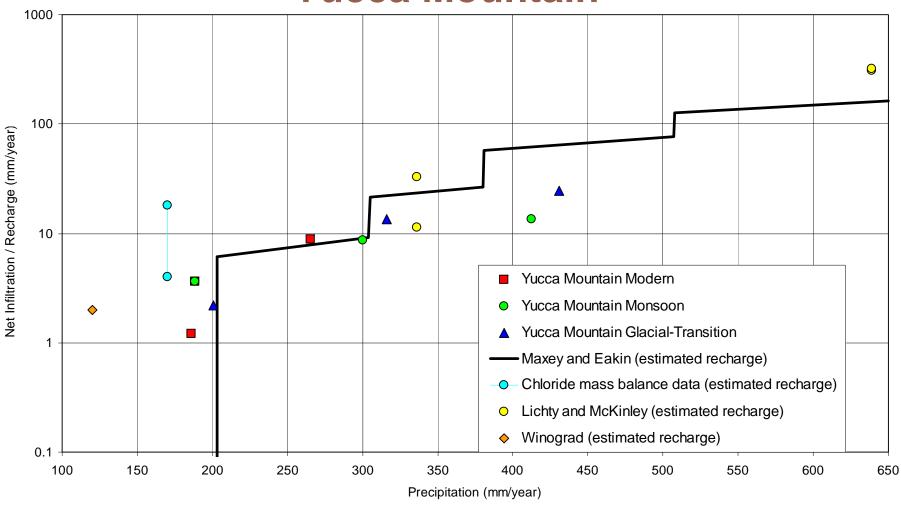
Evaluation of Technical Impact Report Independent Review

- Draft report was reviewed twice by independent experts in hydrology and infiltration
 - Dr. Peter Wierenga, Director Emeritus, Water Resources Research Center, University of Arizona
 - Dr. John McCray, Professor, Colorado School of Mines
 - Dr. Timothy Green, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Systems Research Unit, Ft. Collins, Colorado
- Independent review comments led to significant changes in report content and structure
 - Incorporated use of corroborating data from scientific literature and further consideration of technical bases for conceptual models





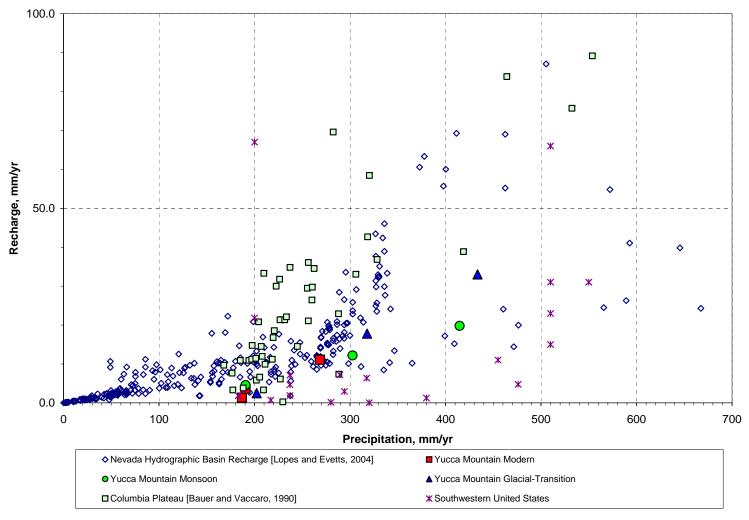
Comparison of Net Infiltration Rate Estimates with Other Estimates in the Vicinity of Yucca Mountain





Source: Figure 4-1 in the Evaluation of Technical Impact Report

Net Infiltration Rate Estimates at Yucca Mountain and Recharge Estimates at Other U.S. Locations







Evaluation of Technical Impact Report Key Findings

- USGS conceptual model of infiltration was built on earlier research
 - Physical processes that govern the water cycle are widely documented and applied by hydrologists
- USGS net infiltration rate estimates are consistent with estimates for arid and semi-arid climates across the western United States
 - Net infiltration is a small percentage of precipitation
- USGS net infiltration rate estimates and the conceptual models have been presented publicly and published in scientific journals
- Net infiltration rate estimates used in the total system performance assessment for the Site Recommendation are consistent with and corroborated by independent data





INFIL 2.0 Remediation Activities

- As a result of a detailed review of INFIL 2.0, Idaho National Laboratory is developing a new version of the software – INFIL 2.2
- Primary work activities include
 - Technical evaluation of INFIL 2.0 code
 - Evaluation and update of documentation against current procedural requirements
 - Consolidated codes into integrated package and updated operating system
 - Streamlined user interface
- There are currently no plans to use INFIL 2.2 in any future quality-affecting work





MASSIF Replacement Model Development

- Sandia National Laboratories (SNL) is developing a replacement infiltration model referred to as the Mass Accounting System for Soil Infiltration and Flow (MASSIF)
 - Implemented using a Mathcad® worksheet in conjunction with ArcGIS™ to provide new infiltration maps
 - Incorporates a revised evapotranspiration (ET) model (primary difference with USGS INFIL model)
 - Consulting expert (Daniel B. Stephens) retained to review new model concurrent with its development





Infiltration Technical Team Data Evaluation

- Infiltration Technical Team (ITT) evaluating data sets associated with original USGS modeling documented in June 2000 Infiltration AMR
 - Only a small number of these data sets will be used in the replacement modeling – where data are unique or irreplaceable and have been thoroughly checked
- Final evaluation will group data into 3 bins:
 - Use-As-Is: no additional effort to qualify
 - Remediate: some additional effort to provide full procedural compliance
 - Do-Not-Use-As-Is: traceability issues, not used in new infiltration model





Re-qualification and Re-development of Key Inputs for Infiltration Modeling

- ITT also re-qualifying and re-developing key inputs required for use in MASSIF
 - Includes neutron probe moisture data, soil maps, soil thickness determinations, soil hydraulic properties, bedrock permeability parameters, composite bedrock geologic map coverage, weather station data, and stream-flow data
- Data being re-qualified or re-developed using project procedures
- Consulting expert (Daniel B. Stephens) retained to conduct concurrent review





USGS Model Technical Re-evaluation

- In December 2005, USGS agreed to re-evaluate their infiltration model, including
 - Evaluation of transparency and traceability of the primary USGS infiltration model code (INFIL) and all supporting codes, data sets, and references
 - Emphasis on appropriateness, mathematical accuracy, and logic
- USGS is re-running model simulations and comparing output to that in USGS Infiltration AMR
- USGS will provide DOE with a technical report detailing results of the evaluation and a copy of the INFIL model and execution files





DOE Inspector General's Investigation

- On April 25, 2006, the DOE Inspector General (IG) issued a memorandum providing a summary of the results of the criminal investigation
 - Extensive factual record developed during investigation forwarded to U.S. Attorney's Office (District of Nevada)
 - U.S. Attorney's Office declined to pursue criminal prosecution
- DOE IG observed internal control deficiencies that warrant attention by DOE program managers
 - Delay in surfacing and dealing with e-mails inconsistent with sound quality assurance protocols
 - Scientific notebook requirements
 - Critical control files relating to the USGS Infiltration AMR were not maintained in accordance with data management system requirements





Conclusions and Path Forward

- Evaluation of Technical Impact Report found net infiltration rate estimates used in the total system performance assessment for the Site Recommendation and the KTI agreements are consistent with and corroborated by independent data
- INL model remediation produced INFIL 2.2 with updated documentation, consolidated code, and streamlined user interface
- SNL developing MASSIF to replace INFIL model
- ITT evaluating data inputs for applicability to future work
- USGS re-evaluating and re-running INFIL 2.0 code
- DOE IG reported U.S. Attorney's Office declined to pursue criminal prosecution, but observed internal control deficiencies