

U.S. Department of Energy Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management



SURFACE FACILITY DESIGN

Presented to: Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board (NWTRB) Board Fall Meeting

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Acronyms

- AO Aging Overpack ASME **American Society of Mechanical Engineers** CRCF **Canister Receipt and Closure Facility** CSNF **Commercial spent nuclear fuel** DPC **Dual Purpose Canister** HAM **Horizontal Aging Module** HLW **High-level radioactive waste** IHF **Initial Handling Facility** ITS Important to safety PCSA **Preclosure Safety Analysis** RF **Receipt Facility** SNF **Spent Nuclear Fuel** STC Shielded Transfer Cask TAD **Transportation, Aging and Disposal** TC **Transportation Cask** TEV **Transportation and Emplacement Vehicle** WHF Wet Handling Facility

Waste Package



WP



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Site Plan looking West



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Design Status

- Design to support the PCSA and the License Application is complete
- Design to support procurement and construction is continuing





Mechanical Handling Equipment Principal Design Codes

 Cask handling cranes, the spent fuel transfer machine, canister transfer machines, site transporters, TAD closure equipment, and DPC cutting equipment are similar to equipment currently in use at commercial nuclear plants and will be designed to the consensus codes and standards for the type of equipment. For example, the cask handling cranes, spent fuel transfer machine, and canister transfer machines will be designed to ASME NOG-1 "Rules for Construction of Overhead and Gantry Cranes"





Mechanical Handling Equipment Principal Design Codes

- The cask transfer trolley and the waste package transfer trolley do not have a consensus design code and therefore will be designed to the applicable portions of ASME NOG-1
- The transport and emplacement vehicle does not have a consensus design code and therefore will be designed to the applicable portions of ASME NOG-1





Waste Form & Facilities

Facilities						
		Aging Facility	Canister Receipt and Closure Facility	Wet Handling Facility	Receipt Facility	Initial Handling Facility
Waste Forms			(CRCF)	(WHF)	(RF)	(IHF)
HLW	Canister		Х			Х
Naval SNF	Canister					Х
DOE SNF	Canister		Х			
CSNF	Uncanistered			Х		
CSNF	TAD	Х	Х	Х	Х	





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Common Facility Waste Handling Equipment

	Facilities				
	Initial Handling	Canister Receipt	Wet Handling	Receipt	
	Facility	& Closure Facility	Facility	Facility	
	(IHF)	(CRCF)	(WHF)	(RF)	
Mechanical Handling Equipment					
Cask Handling Crane	X	X	X	Х	
Cask Transfer Trolley	X	X	X	X	
Canister Transfer Machine	X	X	X	X	
Waste Package Closure System	X	X			
Waste Package Transfer Trolley	X	X			
Transport and Emplacement Vehicle	X	X			
Site Transporter		X	X	Х	
Spent Fuel Transfer Machine			X		
TAD Closure			X		
DPC Cutting			X		





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Canister Receipt and Closure Facility (CRCF)

Receipt & Processing Requirements

- 450 MTHM/yr TADs for WPs (~55 TADs)
- 200 MTHM/yr TADs for AOs (~25 TADs)
- 50 MTHM/yr DPCs for AOs (~6 DPCs)
- 63 canisters/yr DOE SNF
- 315 canisters/yr DOE HLW
- Design Approach:
- Parallel WP loading and closure lines





CRCF Material Flow Path



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CRCF Section View

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Receipt Facility (RF) Requirements

Receipt & Processing Requirements:

- 1000 MTHM/yr TADs for AOs (~125 TADs)
- 140 MTHM/yr DPCs for AOs (~18 DPCs)

Design Approach:

- Reduces demand on CRCFs and WHF
- Decouple receipt from waste package loading
- Equipment the same as CRCF receive and transfer

RF Material Flow Path

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RF Section View

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WHF Requirements

- Receipt & Processing
 - Capable of receiving 230 MTHM/yr bare CSNF
 - 7 day maximum turn around for TC
 - Capable of receiving 77 MTHM/yr CSNF in DPC
- Facility Design Approach
 - Full utilization approach for stations more than one TC, DPC, TAD can be processed simultaneously
 - WHF process flows circularly from the conveyance (east) to preparation operations (north) to pool handling operations (west) to export/welding operations (south)

WHF Material Flow Path

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WHF Section View

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Aging Block Flow Diagram

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