

Environmental Management

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performance

cleanup

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Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board Meeting Status of DOE Spent Nuclear Fuel and High Level Waste

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Topics Covered





- High Level Waste (HLW) overview
- Spent Nuclear Fuel (SNF) overview
- Current plans

Location of High Level Waste

2008 inventory of HLW and the projected number of canisters for repository disposal.



Data Source: National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program



Savannah River Site HLW Program

- As of mid-May 2009: 2,710 canisters produced in the Defense Waste Processing Facility
 - Over 40% complete
 - Operations planned through 2030
 - Improvements under development to reduce number of canisters
- Canisters stored in Glass Waste Storage Buildings
- 37 million gallons remain to be treated
- Processing sludge batch 5 thru May 2010
 - Melter 2 Operational since March 2003
 - Melter 3 Ready as spare
 - Melter 4 Under contract



Idaho National Laboratory HLW Program

- 4,400 m³ of dry granular calcine stored in stainless steel tanks within six concrete shielded structures (known as bin sets)
 - Design life of several hundred years
 - Seventh bin set (contains six bins) is empty and serves as spare
- Yucca Mountain Project License Application assumes calcine would be treated by separations followed by vitrification
- DOE has regulatory obligations related to calcine
 - Amended Record of Decision on treatment of calcine to be issued by end of CY 2009
 - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Part B Permit Application to be submitted to State of Idaho by December 2012
- Current interim storage poses no credible environmental risk



Hanford HLW Program

• 53 million gallons of radioactive and hazardous mixed waste in 177 tanks await treatment



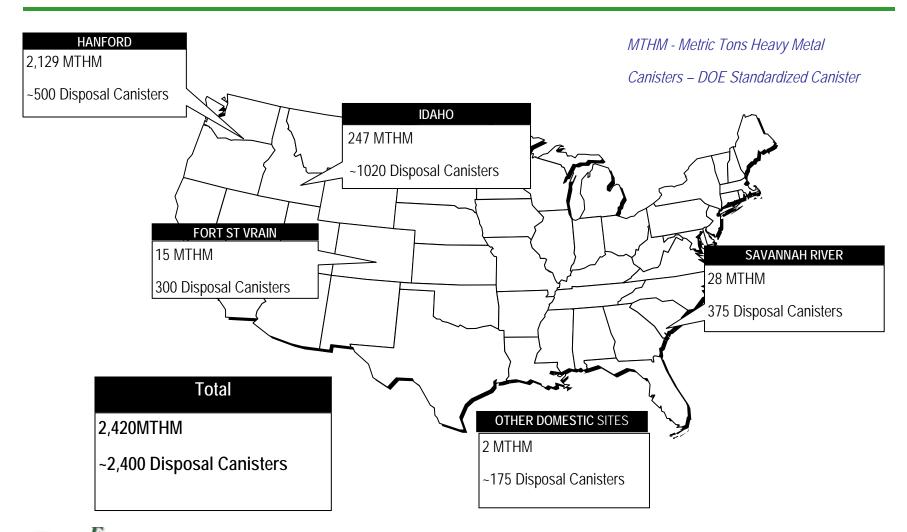
- Waste Treatment Plant under construction
- Planned operation 2019-2042
- Low activity waste will be separated, stabilized, and disposed on-site
- ~122 SNF canisters of Cs/Sr capsules
 - 58 million Ci
 - Disposition strategy under evaluation



West Valley HLW Program

- 275 canisters of commercial-origin HLW stored in on-site hot cell
 - Waste owned by the State of New York under West Valley
 Demonstration Act of 1980
 - EM provides maintenance and surveillance
 - EM is evaluating alternative on-site storage for HLW canisters; hot cell to be decommissioned

Location of EM Spent Nuclear Fuel







safety

Types of DOE SNF in Inventory

- DOE production reactors and research and development reactors
- Core debris from the Three-Mile Island reactor
- Commercial power demonstration projects
 (Shippingport, Peach Bottom and Fort St. Vrain)
- Domestic research reactors (DRR)
- Foreign research reactors (FRR)



Savannah River Site SNF Program



- Consolidated SNF in L-Basin
- Receive FRR and DRR through 2019
- Recycle aluminum-clad SNF
 - Reduce number of SNF canisters to manage
 - Use recovered uranium to generate electricity
- Plan to exchange SNF between Idaho National Laboratory and Savannah River Site
 - Achieve regional consolidation by fuel type
 - Eliminate need for packaging facility at SRS

Idaho National Laboratory SNF Program

- Move SNF from wet to dry storage
- Exchange SNF with SRS
- Receive FRR and DRR
- Design, construct and operate an NRC-licensed packaging facility
- Submit FSV NRC license renewal–November 2009
- Evaluate treatment options for sodium bonded SNF







Hanford SNF Program

- Completed transfer of all SNF from wet storage into ~400 Multi-Canister Over-packs (MCOs) or dry storage casks
- MCOs stored in Canister Storage Building (CSB)



- Other SNF in casks stored on pad in CSB complex
- Capability planned to repackage SNF (other than MCO) into standardized canisters and to load transportation casks

Path Forward

- "Blue Ribbon" Panel to investigate alternatives
- Develop appropriate strategies to support revised Departmental policy
- Minimal impact to EM on near-term SNF or HLW management
 - Continue to package, treat and store SNF and HLW consistent with repository License Application
 - Maintain current baselines
 - Continue efforts to develop more cost effective technologies for treatment and storage of HLW and SNF

Summary

- EM will continue to manage its SNF and HLW safely
- Implement current program strategy and comply with site-specific agreements
 - No significant near-term impacts to EM
- Plans will evolve to support outcome from "Blue Ribbon" Panel recommendations