

US/German Collaboration in Salt Repository Research, Design, and Operation

Frank Hansen, Ph.D. PE Sandia National Laboratories

U.S. Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board Meeting Albuquerque, NM March 19, 2014

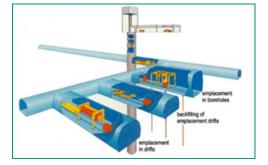
Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the United States Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000. SAND2014-1350P.



Accumulation of Expertise in the Past Decades

Nuclear Energy

- Techniques for waste emplacement were developed (direct disposal, reference repository concept)
- Feasibility of borehole emplacement of spent fuel was shown
- Instruments, tools, and methodologies for modeling and safety analysis were substantially further developed and have been applied in several exercises





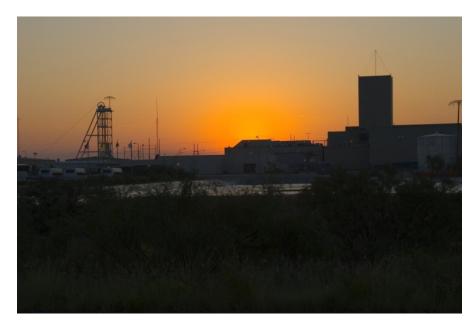




Accumulation of Expertise in the Past Decades

Nuclear Energy

- In the US the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP) is operational.
 Very successful since 1999.
- In Germany underground disposal facilities for chemical-toxic wastes are licensed and are operational for years
- Salt mining is a world-wide, proven and reliable technology
- Rock salt is highly suitable for hosting a repository for heatgenerating nuclear waste



Hansen, F.D. and C.D. Leigh. 2011. *Salt Disposal of Heat-Generating Nuclear Waste*. SAND2011-0161, Sandia National Laboratories Albuquerque New Mexico.



Benefits of the Strategic Partnership in National and International Cooperation

Collaboration hibernated for more than 10 years because of a German moratorium

Topics emphasized

- **Galety** Case
- Salt repository concepts & designs
- Modeling of groundwater flow and radionuclide transport
- Geotechnical barriers
- Site characterization & host rock characterization

SANDIA REPORT SAND2012-1245C Unlimited Release Printed March 2012

2nd US/German Workshop on Salt Repository Research, Design and Operation

Moeting Venue Hotel Schönau Peiner Straße 17, 31225 Peine Germany November 9-10, 2011

Frank D. Hansen, Sandia National Laboratories Water Steininger, KIT/PTKA-WTE Enrique Biurrun, DBE TECHNOLOGY GmbH

Preparent ky Tanda rozdona Laboratores Atbuquergus, New Maxico 07100 and Livermon, Caritania SHDD

Landa National Lateraturius II.a multiprogram failurating managed and operated by Camita Corporation, to entropy served substrates the control of the Corporation, for the U.S. Department of the operation, Substrate Toucher County Advantation on the Corporation of the Corporation of the Operation of the Corporation of the Corporation



KIT SCIENTIFIC REPORTS 7569

Projektträger Karlsruhe (PTKA-WTE) – Wissenschaftliche Berichte 12

US-German Workshop on Salt Repository Research, Design, and Operation

May 25 – 27, 2010 Mississippi State University, CAVS Canton, MS USA

A joint workshop organized by

Projektträger Karlsruhe (PTKA-WTE) SANDIA National Laboratories DBE TECHNOLOGY GmbH

Walter Steininger (ed.)



http://www.sandia.gov/SALT/SALT_Home.html



- Collaboration in the Joint Project on "benchmarking constitutive models for rock salt" (Sandia & German organizations)
- Contributions to conferences and workshops (American Rock Mechanics Association, Salt Lake City, Mechanical Behavior of Salt Symposia, Paris, Waste Management '13, Phoenix)
- Collaboration is also performed in European Commission Seventh Framework Program "Monitoring Developments for Safe Repository Operation and Staged Closure" (MoDeRn)
- Collaboration/information exchange in the area of safety case
- Planned common joint activity in the framework of the IGD-TP (Implementing Geological Disposal - Technology Platform)
- Workshops on actinide brine chemistry (ABC) with Los Alamos National Laboratory

Steininger, W., F.D. Hansen, E. Biurrun and W. Bollingerfehr. 2013. *US/German Collaboration in Salt Repository Research, Design and Operation*. WM2013 Conference, February 24-28, 2013, Phoenix, Arizona, USA.



- 2011 Memorandum of Understanding between the German Ministry and US-Department of Energy [Environment Management (EM) and Nuclear Energy (NE)]
- Founding of the Nuclear Energy Agency "Salt Club" (Participants: Germany, US, The Netherlands, Poland)
- Natural analogues workshop for rock salt
- Features, Events, and Procedures (FEP) catalogue for rock salt
- State-of-the-art report on salt reconsolidation

Salt knowledge archive

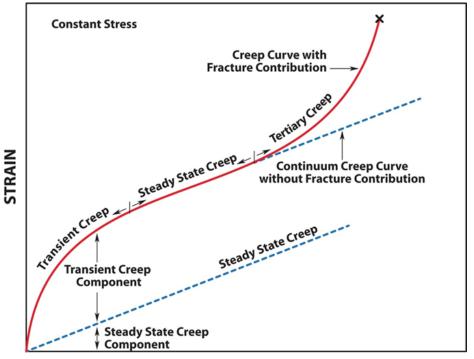
Kuhlman, K. L., S. Wagner, D. Kicker, R. Kirkes, C. Herrick, D. Guerin. 2012. Review and Evaluation of Salt R&D Data for Disposal of Nuclear Waste in Salt. Fuel Cycle Research & Development. FCRD-UFD-2012-000380. SAND2012-8808P



Isochoric Deformation of Salt

Classic strain-time creep curve

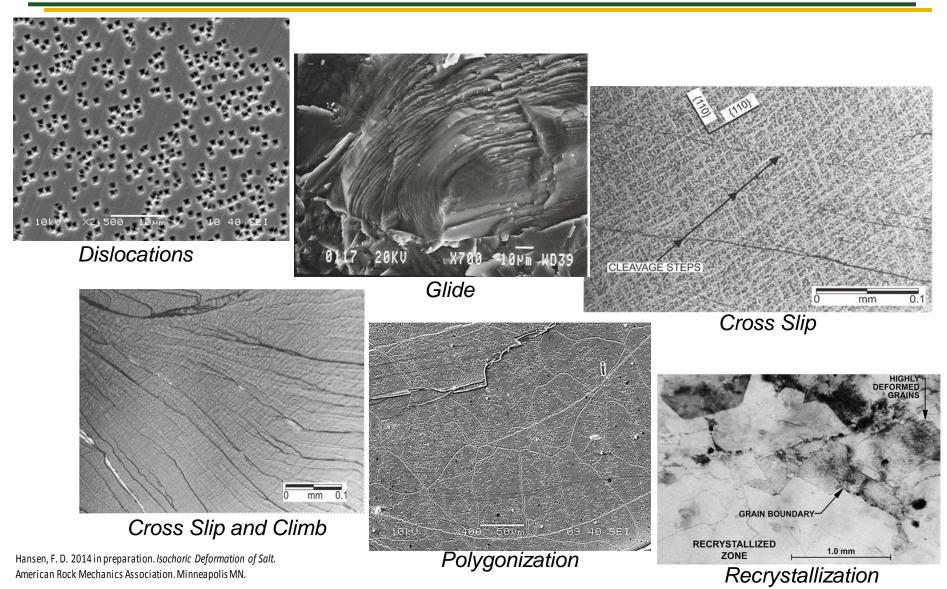
- Dislocation multiplication
- Glide
- Cross slip
- Climb
- Recrystallization/annealing



TIME



Isochoric Deformation of Salt Mechanisms



German Testing of WIPP Salt

σ3	strain rate	Т	quantity/lab	quantity/lab
MPa	1/s	°C	pure salt -IfG	clay salt -TUC
0,2	1,00E-05	60	1	2
0,5	1,00E-05	60	1	2
1	1,00E-05	60	1	2
2	1,00E-05	60	1	2
3	1,00E-05	60	1	2
5	1,00E-05	60	1	2
20	1,00E-05	60	1	2
			Σ=7	Σ=14

σ3	strain rate	T quantity/lab		quantity/lab
MPa	1/s	°C	°C pure salt -IfG cl	
0,2	1,00E-05	27	1	2
0,5	1,00E-05	27	1	2
1	1,00E-05	27	1	2
2	1,00E-05	27	1	2
3	1,00E-05	27	1	2
5	1,00E-05	27	1	2
20	1,00E-05	27	1	2
			$\Sigma = 7$	$\Sigma = 14$

σ3	strain rate	Т	quantity/lab	quantity/lab
MPa	1/s	°C	pure salt -IfG	clay salt -TUC
0,2	1,00E-06	27	1	2
0,5	1,00E-06	27	1	2
1	1,00E-06	27	1	2
2	1,00E-06	27	1	2
3	1,00E-06	27	1	2
5	1,00E-06	27	1	2
20	1,00E-06	27	1	2
			Σ=7	Σ=14

σ3	strain rate	Т	quantity/lab	quantity/lab
MPa	1/s	°C	pure salt -IfG	clay salt -TUC
0,2	1,00E-05	100	1	2
0,5	1,00E-05	100	1	2
1	1,00E-05	100	1	2
2	1,00E-05	100	1	2
3	1,00E-05	100	1	2
5	1,00E-05	100	1	2
20	1,00E-05	100	1	2
			Σ=7	Σ=14

<u> </u>	1/	
	1.4	

σ3	strain rate	Т	quantity/lab	quantity/lab	
MPa	1/s	°C	pure salt -IfG	quantity/lab clay salt -TUC	
?	?	?	1	2	
?	?	?	1	2	
?	?	?	1	2	
?	?	?	1	2	
?	?	?	1	2	
?	?	?	1	2	
?	?	?	1	2	
			Σ=7	Σ=8	

σ3	strain rate	Т	quantity/lab	quantity/lab	
MPa	1/s	°C	pure salt -IfG	clay salt -TUC	
0,2	1,00E-04	27	1	1	
1	1,00E-04	27	1	1	
2	1,00E-04	27	1	1	
5	1,00E-04	27	1	1	
20	1,00E-04	27	1	1	
			Σ=5	Σ=5	

σ3	σ _{eq}	Т	load level	duration	loading /	<u>a</u> bove/ <u>b</u> elow	quantity	quantity	lab
MPa	MPa	°C	-	d	unloading	dilation strength	pure salt	clay salt	-
20	>10	27	2	60/60	L/U	b/b	2	3	IfG
20	>10	60	2	60/60	L/U	b/b	5	5	IfG
20	>10	80	2	60/60	L/U	b/b	1	2	IfG
20	<10	60	1	120	L	b	2	2	lfG
20		27/60/80	3	60/60/60	L/L/L	b	1	2	TUC
5	>35	27	1		L	а	1	0	TUC
different	different	27	4	60/60/30/30	L/L/L/L	b/b/a/a	2	3	TUC
?	?	?	?	?	?	?	3	3	IfG / TUC
							$\Sigma = 17$	$\Sigma = 20$	

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF **ENERGY**

Nuclear Energy

NWTRB Meeting

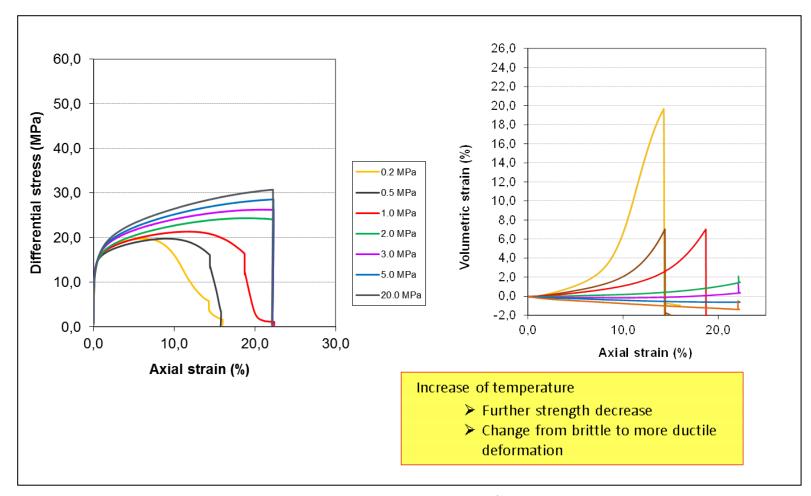


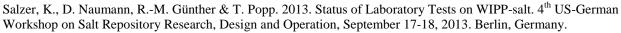
Nuclear Energy WIPP Salt Sent to German Research Centers





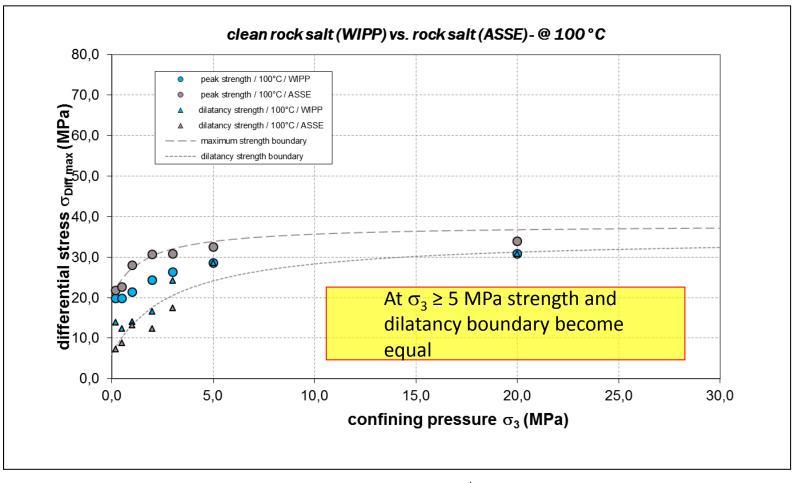








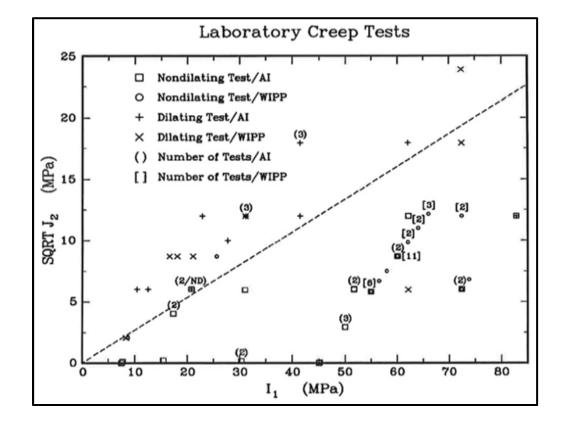
Triaxial Strength Tests (1.10⁻⁵s⁻¹, 100°C)



Salzer, K., D. Naumann, R.-M. Günther & T. Popp. 2013. Status of Laboratory Tests on WIPP-salt. 4th US-German Workshop on Salt Repository Research, Design and Operation, September 17-18, 2013. Berlin, Germany.



Laboratory Creep Tests

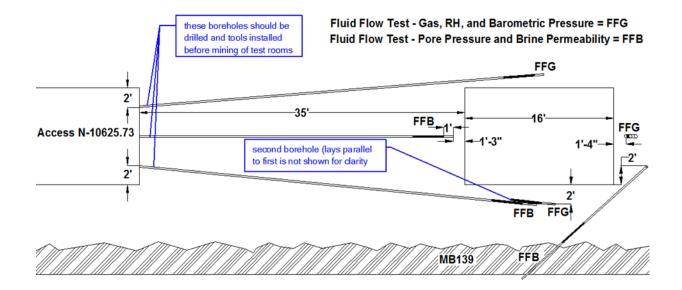


Hansen, F. D. 2003. *The Disturbed Rock Zone at the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant*. Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM. SAND2003-3407.

NWTRB Meeting



Evolution of the WIPP URL Setting



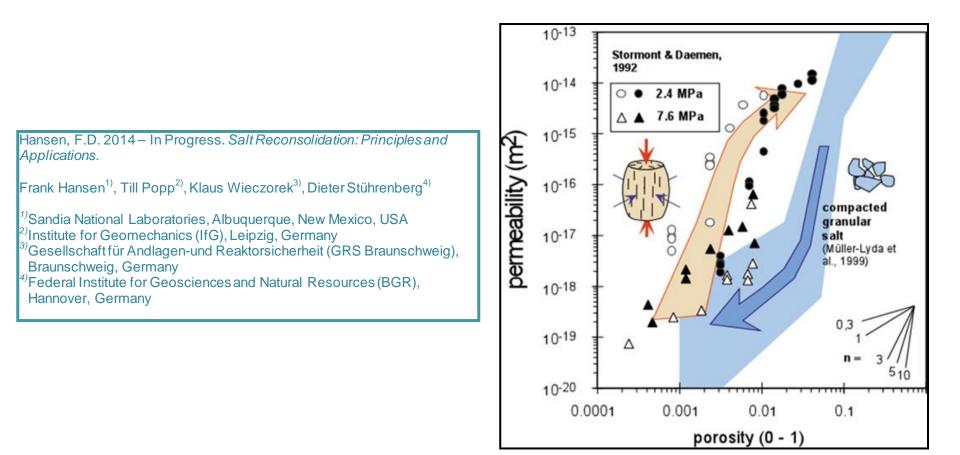
Determination of undisturbed salt properties, measurement of evolution, and quantification of boundary conditions

Hansen, F.D., C.L. Howard, K.L. Kuhlman, 2013. Mechanical, Hydrological, and Thermal Characteristics of the WIPP URL Test Bed ERMS 561306. Sandia National Laboratories, Carlsbad, New Mexico.

NWTRB Meeting

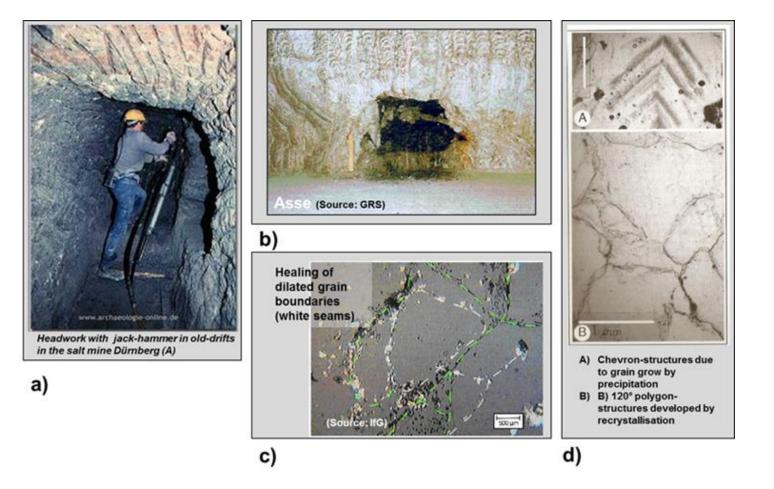


Salt Reconsolidation: Principles and Applications



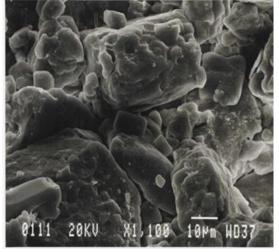


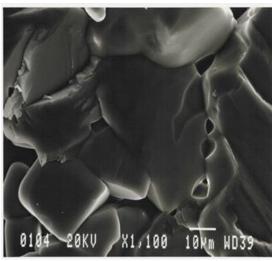
In Situ Analogues





Salt Consolidation for WIPP Shaft Seals





Dynamically compacted WIPP salt (left) and reconsolidated (right)

- What final porosity of crushed salt is necessary to achieve an efficient seal and at which time can it be reached?
- Capability of additives such as moisture and clay can be optimized for construction and attainment of sealing properties
- The nature of testing fluids (brine or gas) and the resultant permeability/porosity relationships warrant further examination
- Further analogue experiences from underground sources is imperative
- The role of granular salt backfill in repository safety concepts is site specific

Hansen, F.D. and M.K. Knowles. 1999. *Design and Analysis of a Shaft Seal System for the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant*. Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM. SAND99-0904J.



http://www.sandia.gov/SALT/SALT_Home.html

- Safety Case for Heat-Generating Waste Disposal in Salt
- Plugging and Sealing
- Salt Mechanics Modeling
- Repository Design and Use of the WIPP URL
- Geochemistry, Microbes, and Hydrogeology

Hansen, F.D., W. Steininger, and E. Biurrun. 2014. *Proceedings of the* 4th US/German Workshop on Salt Repository Research, Design, and Operation. Prepared for U.S. Department of Energy Used Fuel Disposition Campaign. FCRD-UFD-2014.000335. Sandia National Laboratories. Albuquerque, New Mexico.



- Domal salt uplift, subrosion, and glacial channels
- Compaction of crushed salt 🕢
- Knowledge of mass transport and two-phase flow 🕑



- Retrievability—geotechnical barriers and excavation damage zone
- Numerical modeling geologic barrier integrity 🗸
- Conceptual improvements of the safety demonstration 🗸

Reference: Gesellschaft für Anlagen- und Reaktorsicherheit mbH, "Vorläufige Sicherheitsanalyse für den Standort Gorleben," Köln, 2012. http://www.grs.de/vorlaeufige-sicherheitsanalyse-gorleben-vsg